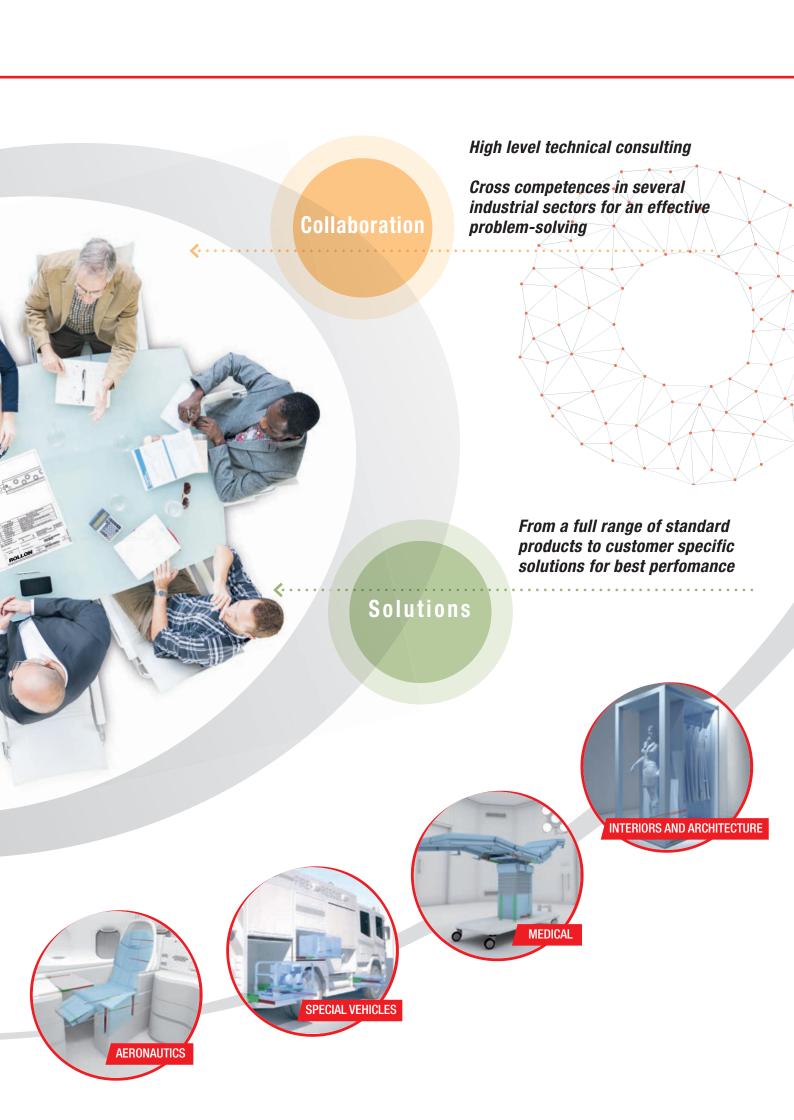


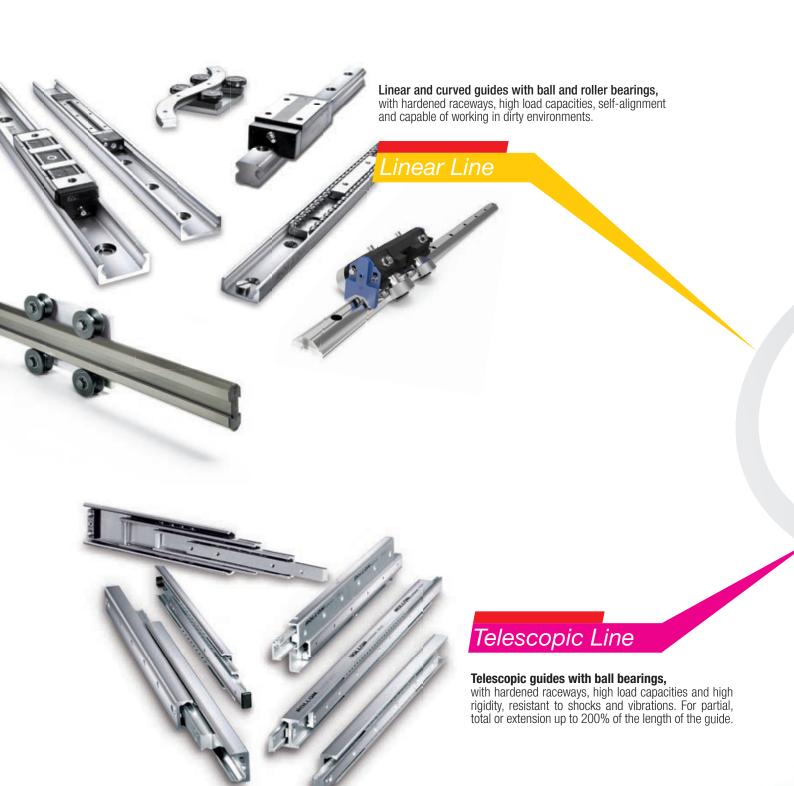
Modline







A complete range for linear motion which reaches every customer





Actuator Line

Linear actuators with different drive and guide configurations, available with belt, screw or rack and pinion drives to cover a wide range of precision and speed requirements. Guides with bearings or recirculating ball systems for varying load capacities and environments.

A global provider of solutions for applications for linear motion



Actuator System Line

Integrated actuators for industrial automation,

wide ranging solutions that span industrial sectors: from machinery servo systems to high precision assembly systems, packaging lines and high speed production lines. Evolved from Actuator Line series in order to meet the most demanding customer needs.

Modline



1 MCR/MCH series	
MCR/MCH series description	ML-3
The components	ML-4
The linear motion system	ML-5
MCR 65	ML-6
MCH 65	ML-7
MCR 80	ML-8
MCH 80	ML-9
MCR 105	ML-10
MCH 105	ML-1
Linear units in parallel, Accessories	ML-12
Insertable nuts and plates	ML-1
Assembly brackets	ML-14
Ordering key	ML-1
2 TCR/TCS series	
TCR/TCS series description	ML-17
The components	ML-18
The linear motion system	ML-19
TCR 140	ML-20
TCS 140	ML-2
TCR 170	ML-22
TCS 170	ML-23
TCR 200	ML-24
TCS 200	ML-2
TCR 220	ML-20
TCS 220	ML-27
TCR 230	ML-28
TCS 230	ML-29
TCR 280	ML-30
TCS 280	ML-3
TCR 360	ML-32
TCS 360	ML-33
Lubrication	ML-34
Accessories	ML-3
Assembly brackets	ML-36
Alignment nuts	ML-37
Ordering key	ML-38
3 ZCR/ZCH series	
ZCR/ZCH series description	ML-40
The components	ML-4
The linear motion system	ML-42
ZCH 60	ML-43
ZCR 90	ML-44

ZCH 90	ML-45
ZCR 100	ML-46
ZCH 100	ML-47
ZCR 170	ML-48
ZCH 170	ML-49
ZCR 220	ML-50
ZCH 220	ML-51
Lubrication Accessories	ML-52 ML-53
Accessories Alignment nuts	ML-54
Ordering key	ML-56
4 ZMCH series	
ZMCH series description	ML-57
The components	ML-58
The linear motion system	ML-59
ZMCH 105	ML-60
Lubrication	ML-61
Accessories	ML-62
Ordering key	ML-63
Multiaxis systems	ML-64
Static load and service life	SL-2
Static load and service life Uniline	SL-4
	3L-4
Data sheet	SL-9

Pre-selection overview



Application Priority	Driving system	Section
Max. speed from 4 to 15 [m/s] Max. acceleration from 10 to 50 [m/s²] Stroke up to 10 m	Over bus Dananana Belt	Square
		Rectangular
		Other section
High precision up to \pm 0,005 [mm]		Square
Stroke up to 3.5 m	Ball screw	Rectangular
Heavy loads up to 4.000 Kg Infinite stroke Multiple independent carriages	g o g Communication of the second of the s	Rectangular
		Other section
		Square
Vertical mounting		Rectangular
Profile moving	Ω Belt	Rectangular
		Other section

^{*} Optimal reliability in dirty environments thanks to plastic compound coated rollers

Protection	Rollon solution					
	Product Fa	mily	Product			
	Plus System		ELM			
Protected	Modline		MCR/MCH with protection			
	Eco System		ECO			
Semi-protected	Modline		MCR/MCH			
	Uniline System	To the same of the	UNILINE			
Open	Smart System		E-SMART			
Protected with suction	Clean Room System	To	ONE			
Protected	Plus System		ROBOT			
Open	Smart System		R-SMART			
Орен	Modline		TCR/TCS			
Open*	Speedy Rail A		SAB			
			TV			
	Duration Contain		TVS			
Semi-protected	Precision System		π			
			TH			
Onen	Tecline		PAS			
Open	iedille		PAR			
Open*	Speedy Rail A		SAR			
Semi-protected	Smart System	della	S-SMART			
Semi-protected	Plus System		SC			
Open	Modline	į,	ZCR/ZCH			
Open*	Speedy Rail A	4	ZSY			

Technical features overview // ~



	Reference		Sec	tion		Driving			Destruction
Pr	oduct Family	Product	Balls	Rollers	Toothed belt	Ball screw	Rack and pinion	Anticorrosion	Protection
		ELM						• •	Protected
Plus System		ROBOT			Onnannano			•	Protected
		SC			Land Onesh			•	Semi-protected
Clean Room System	To	ONE						•	Protected with suctions
	6	E-SMART							
Smart System	150	R-SMART							
	1011	S-SMART			Land Oneal				Semi-protected
Eco System	-	ECO							Semi-protected
Uniline System	E	A/C/E/ED/H			Onnannana (O				Semi-protected
	1	MCR MCH						•	Semi-protected
Modline	To the second	TCR TCS			Ogganganan			•	
- Wouline	į.	ZCR ZCH			honod Opnod			•	
	<u>t</u>	ZMCH			baad Opaad			•	

Reported data must be verified according to the application.

* Longer stroke is available for jointed version

Size		t. load capa per carriago [N]			. static mor per carriage [Nm]		Max. speed	Max. acceleration	Repeatability accuracy	Max stroke (per system)	
5,25	F _x	F _y	F _z	M _x	M _y	M _z	[m/s]	[m/s ²]	[mm]	[mm]	
50-65-80-110	4980	129400	129400	1392	11646	11646	5	50	± 0,05	6000*	
100-130- 160-220	9545	258800	258800	22257	28986	28986	5	50	± 0,05	6000*	
65-130-160	6682	153600	153600	13555	31104	31104	5	50	± 0,05	2500	
50-65-80-110	4980	104800	104800	1126	10532	10532	5	50	± 0,05	6000*	
30-50-80-100	4980	130860	130860	1500	12039	12039	4	50	± 0,05	6000*	
120-160-220	9960	258800	258800	21998	28468	28468	4	50	± 0,05	6000*	
50-65-80	2523	51260	51260	520	3742	3742	4	50	± 0,05	2000	
60-80-100	4565	76800	76800	722	7603	7603	5	50	± 0,05	6000*	
40-55-75	19360	11000	17400	800,4	24917	18788	7	15	± 0,05	5700*	
65-80-105	3984	51260	51260	520	5536	5536	5	50	± 0,1	10100*	
140-170 200-220-230 280- 360	9960	266400	266400	42624	61272	61272	5	50	± 0,1	11480	
60-90-100 170-220	7470	174480	174480	12388	35681	35681	4	25	± 0,1	2500	
105	4980	61120	61120	3591	10390	10390	3	25	± 0,1	2100	



C R S

Technical features overview



	Reference	Section		Driving			Anticorrosion	Protection	
Pi	Product Family Prod			Rollers	Toothed belt	Ball screw	Rack and pinion	Anticomosion	
		TH				<i>m</i> _ <i>m</i>			Semi-protected
Precision		TT				<i>m</i> [] <i>m</i>			Semi-protected
System		TV				<i>m</i> []mn			Semi-protected
		TVS				<i>m</i> []mn		•	Semi-protected
Tecline	100	PAR PAS						•	
		SAB			Onnananoon O				
Speedy Rail A	1	ZSY			paad Daary				
		SAR							

Reported data must be verified according to the application.

* Longer stroke is available for jointed version

	Size -		t. load capa per carriage [N]			. static mor per carriage [Nm]		Max. speed	Max. acceleration	Repeatability accuracy	Max stroke (per system)
	5.25	F _x	F _y	F _z	M _x	M _y	M _z	[m/s]	[m/s ²]	[mm]	[mm]
7	70-90-110-145	32600	153600	153600	6682	5053	5053	2		± 0,005	1500
	100-155- 225-310	30500	230500	274500	30195	26625	22365	2,5		± 0,005	3000
	60-80-110	11538	85000	85000	1080	2316	2316	2,5		± 0,01	3000
	170-220	66300	258800	258800	19410	47360	47360	1	5	± 0,02	3500
	118-140-170- 200-220-230- 280-360	10989	386400	386400	65688	150310	150310	4	10	± 0,05	10800*
	60-120- 180-250	4565	3620	3620	372	362	362	15	10	± 0,2	7150
	180	4980	2300	2600	188	806	713	8	8	± 0,2	6640
	120-180-250	3598	3620	3620	372	453	453	3	10	± 0,15	7150*



MCR/MCH series / ~

MCR/MCH series description



Fig. 1

The MCR/MCH units are linear actuators made of a self-supporting extruded aluminum frame and are driven by a polyurethane belt with AT metric profile steel inserts.

- Reduced weight ensured by the light frame and the aluminum sliders
- Three different sizes available: 65mm, 80mm, 105mm
- High sliding speed

MCR

Featuring four + four rollers with a Gothic arch outer profile and flat outer profile, sliding on hardened steel bars placed inside the profile.

MCH

Featuring a recirculating ball linear guide rail placed inside the profile.

The components

Extruded bodies

The anodized aluminum extrusion used for the profile of the Rollon MCR/MCH series linear units was designed and manufactured by industry experts to optimise weight while maintaining mechanical strength. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical-chemical characteristics below) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complaint with EN 755-9 standards.

Driving belt

The Rollon MCR/MCH series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission characteristics, compact size and low noise. Used in conjunction with a backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved.

Optimisation of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

The driving belt is guided by specific slots in the aluminum extruded body thus covering the inside components.

Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon MCR/MCH series linear units is made of anodized aluminum. Two different length carriages are available for size 80 and 105.

General data about aluminum used: AL 6060

Chemical composition [%]

Al	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Zn	Cu	Impurites
Remainder	0.35-0.60	0.30-0.60	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05-0.15

Tab. 1

Physical characteristics

Density	Coeff. of elasticity	Coeff. of thermal expansion (20°-100°C)	Thermal conductivity (20°C)	Specific heat (0°-100°C)	Resistivity	Melting point
kg dm³	kN — mm²	10 ⁻⁶ K	 		Ω . m . 10^{-9}	°C
2.70	69	23	200	880-900	33	600-655

Tab. 2

Mechanical characteristics

Rm	Rp (02)	А	НВ
N — mm²	$\frac{N}{}$ mm ²	%	_
205	165	10	60-80

The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications.

MCR with gothic arch bearing guides

- Hardened steel rods (58/60 HRC tolerance h6) are securely inserted inside the aluminum body.
- The carriage is fitted with four + four bearing assemblies, four having a gothic arch groove machined into its outer race, to run on the steel rods, and four having flat outer ring.
- The bearings are mounted on steel pins, two of which are eccentric, to allow setting of running clearance and pre-load.
- The driving belt is supported by the entire length of the profile to avoid deflection as well as to protect the linear guide.

MCH with ball bearing guides

- A recirculating ball guide with high load capacity is mounted in a dedicated seat inside the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled on two pre-loaded ball bearing blocks.
- The two ball bearing blocks enable the carriage to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- The two blocks have seals on both sides and, if necessary, an additional scraper can be fitted for very dusty conditions.
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- Lubrication reservoirs (pockets) installed on the front of the ball bearing blocks supply the appropriate amount of grease, thus promoting a long maintenance interval.

The linear motion system described above offers:

- Good positioning accuracy
- Low noise
- Maintenance Free (dependent on application)

The linear motion system described above offers:

- High permissible bending moments
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

MCR

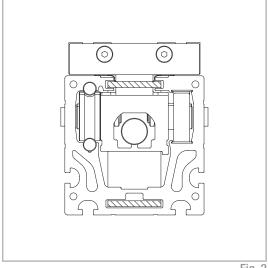


Fig. 2

MCH

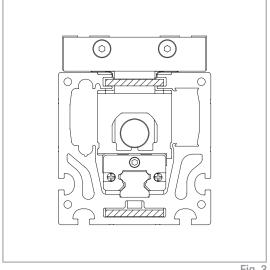
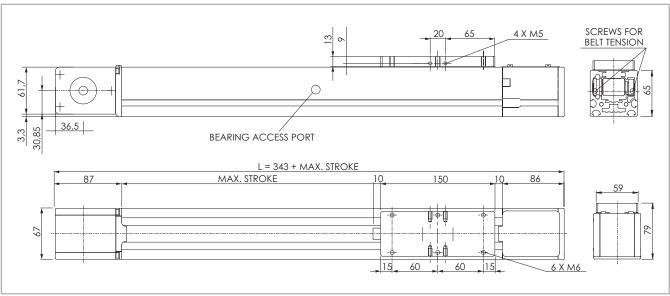


Fig. 3

MCR 65

MCR 65 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 4

Technical data

	Туре
	MCR 65
Max. useful stroke length [mm] *1	5830
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*2	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	32 AT 05
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	50.93
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	160
Carriage weight [kg]	0.87
Zero travel weight [kg]	3.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.475
Starting torque [Nm]	0.4
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	267443
Rail size [mm]	Ø8

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ It is possible to obtain strokes up to 9000 mm by means of special Rollon joints

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
MCR 65	804,878	678,230	1,483,108
			Tab. 5

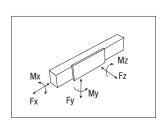
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]	
MCR 65	32 AT 05	32	0.105	

Tab. 6

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 69$



MCR 65 - Load capacity

Туре	F [N	: X V]	F _y [N]	F _z [N]		M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCR 65	1344	960	1964	2192	9195	65.1	132	93.9

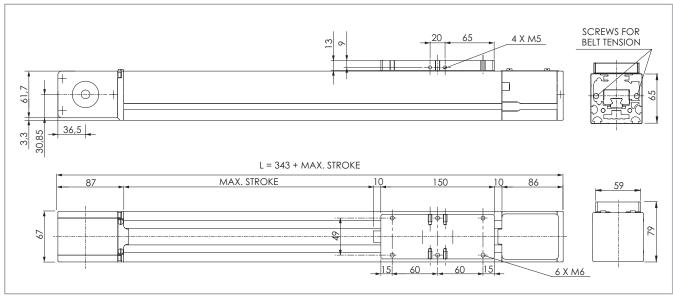
Tab. 4

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

 $^{^{\}star}2)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

MCH 65

MCH 65 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 5

Technical data

	Туре
	MCH 65
Max. useful stroke length [mm] *1	5830
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*2	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	30
Type of belt	32 AT 05
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	50.93
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	160
Carriage weight [kg]	0.9
Zero travel weight [kg]	3.85
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.58
Starting torque [Nm]	0.3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	267443
Rail size [mm]	15

^{*1)} It is possible to obtain strokes up to 9000 mm by means of special Rollon joints *2) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	I _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
MCH 65	804,878	678,230	1,483,108
			Tab. 9

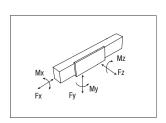
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCH 65	32 AT 05	32	0.105

Tab. 10

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 69$



MCH 65 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: x V]	F [1	: v <mark>j</mark>	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCH 65	1344	960	30560	19890	30560	240	1406	1406

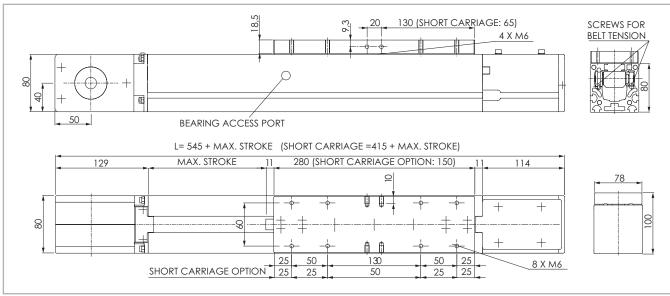
Tab. 8

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

^{2) 1} obligating reportability to deportable on the type of transmission a

MCR 80

MCR 80 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.6

Technical data

	Ту	ре
	MCR 80	MCR 80 C
Max. useful stroke length [mm] *1	5700	5830
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*2	± 0.1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20	20
Type of belt	32 AT 10	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 22	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220	220
Carriage weight [kg]	2.2	1.25
Zero travel weight [kg]	8.8	6.95
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.7	0.7
Starting torque [Nm]	0.7	0.7
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	1174346	1174346
Rail size [mm]	Ø8	Ø8

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ It is possible to obtain strokes up to 9000 mm by means of special Rollon joints

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y		
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]	
MCR 80	1,791,166	1,468,518	3,259,684	

Tab. 13

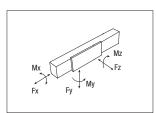
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCR 80	32 AT 10	32	0.185

Tab. 14

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 182$ Short carriage (mm) = $2 \times L - 52$



MCR 80 - Load capacity

Туре	F [I	: Ň Į	F _y [N]	F _z [N]		M _× [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCR 80	2656	1760	1964	2579	9195	85.4	361	193
MCR 80 C	2656	1760	1964	2579	9195	85.4	156	93.9

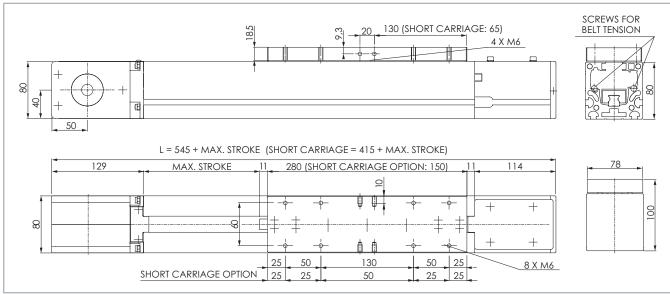
Tab. 12

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

 $^{^{\}star}2)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

MCH 80

MCH 80 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 7

Technical data

	Ту	ре
	MCH 80	MCH 80 C
Max. useful stroke length [mm] *1	5700	5830
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*2	± 0.1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	40	40
Type of belt	32 AT 10	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 22	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220	220
Carriage weight [kg]	2.45	1.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	9.4	7.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.79	0.79
Starting torque [Nm]	0.9	0.9
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	1174346	1174346
Rail size [mm]	15	15

^{*1)} It is possible to obtain strokes up to 9000 mm by means of special Rollon joints *2) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	l _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
MCH 80	1,791,166	1,468,518	3,259,684

Tab. 17

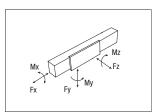
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCH 80	32 AT 10	32	0.185

Tab. 18

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 182$ Short carriage (mm) = $2 \times L - 52$



MCH 80 - Load capacity

Туре	F [I	: X N]	F [1	: V N]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCH 80	2656	1760	30560	19890	30560	240	3285	3285
MCH 80 C	2656	1760	15280	9945	15280	120	90	90

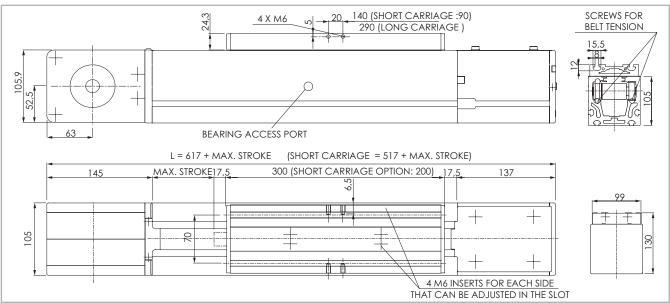
Tab. 16

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

z) r obligating repositionity to department on the type of transmission about

MCR 105

MCR 105 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 8

Technical data

	Ту	pe
	MCR 105	MCR 105 C
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	10100	10100
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20	20
Type of belt	40 AT 10	40 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 29	Z 29
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	92.31	92.31
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	290	290
Carriage weight [kg]	3.51	2.56
Zero travel weight [kg]	17.15	14.9
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.2	1.2
Starting torque [Nm]	1.2	1.2
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	4482922	4482922
Rail size [mm]	Ø10	Ø10
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used		Tab. 20

Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
MCR 105	4,476,959	5,675,808	10,152,767

Tab. 21

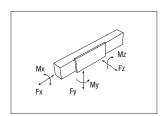
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCR 105	40 AT 10	40	0.231

Tab. 22

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 165$ Short carriage (mm) = $2 \times L - 65$



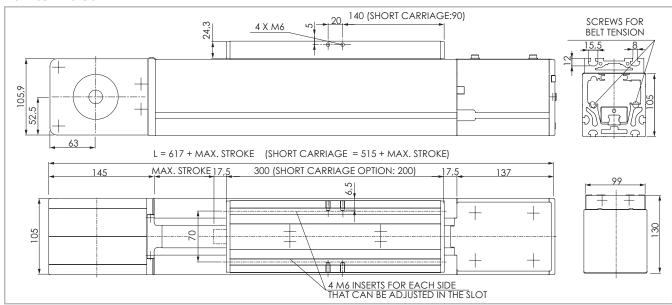
MCR 105 - Load capacity

Туре	F [t	F F [N]		F [I	: V]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCR 105	3984	2640	4250	7812	26997	340	1033	417
MCR 105 C	3984	2640	4250	7812	26997	340	544	250

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

MCH 105

MCH 105 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.9

Technical data

	Туре		
	MCH 105	MCH 105 C	
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	10.100	10.100	
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1	± 0.1	
Max. speed [m/s]	5	5	
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	50	50	
Type of belt	40 AT 10	40 AT 10	
Type of pulley	Z 32	Z 32	
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	92.31	92.31	
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	290	290	
Carriage weight [kg]	3.5	2.3	
Zero travel weight [kg]	17.5	14.4	
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.36	1.36	
Starting torque [Nm]	1.5	1.5	
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	4482922	4482922	
Rail size [mm]	20	20	
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used		Tab. 24	

Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
MCH 105	4,476,959	5,675,808	10,152,767
			Tab. 25

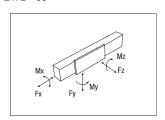
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
MCH 105	40 AT 10	40	0.231

Tab. 26

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 165$ Short carriage (mm) = $2 \times L - 65$



MCH 105 - Load capacity

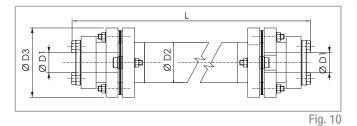
Туре	F [1	: × V]	F _y [N]		F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
MCH 105	3984	2640	51260	36637	51260	520	5536	5536
MCH 105 C	3984	2640	25630	18319	25630	260	190	190

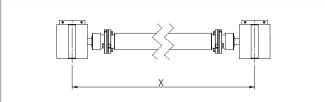
See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

Linear units in parallel

Synchronisation kit for use of MCR/MCH linear units in parallel

When movement consisting of two linear units in parallel is essential, a synchronisation kit must be used. The kit contains original Rollon blade type precision joints complete with tapered splines and hollow aluminum drive shafts.



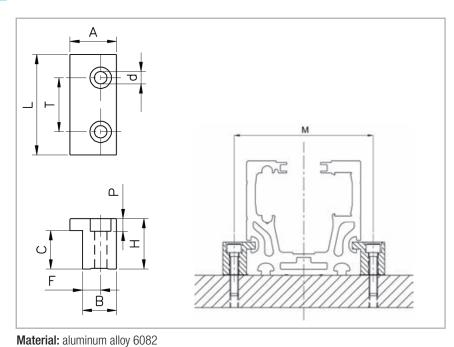


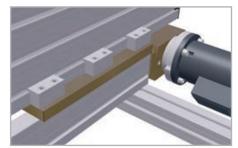
Unit D2 D3 Code Formula for length Shaft type D1 calculation MCR/MCH 65 AP 12 12 25 45 GK12P...1A L= X-80 [mm] MCR/MCH 80 20 40 69.5 GK20P...1A **AP 20** L= X-97 [mm] **MCR/MCH 105** AP 25 25 70 99 GK25P...1A L= X-130 [mm]

Tab. 28

Fig. 11

Accessories





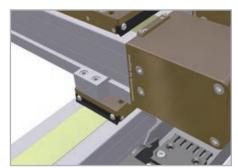
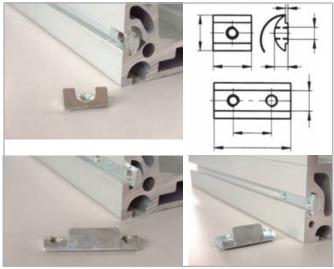


Fig. 12

Unit	А	L	Т	d	Н	Р	С	F	В	M	Code
MCR/MCH 65	25	50	25	6.7	20	6.8	13.5	10	18	87	415.0380
MCR/MCH 80	25	50	25	6.7	25	6.8	18.6	10	18	100	415.0760
MCR/MCH 105	30	50	25	9	30	9.5	23.6	12	22	129	415.0761

Insertable nuts and plates

Spring nut



	:	~		4	0
Г	I	y	=		ú

Plate suitable for every kind of module (8 mm slot).

Material: nut in galvanised steel welded to the harmonic steel spring.

Single plate	MC 80-105	MC 65
M5	A32-55	B32-55
M6	A32-65	B32-65
M8	A32-85	B32-85
		Tab. 30

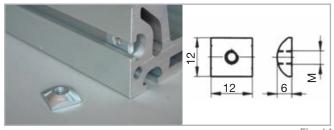
Double plate	MC 80-105	MC 65
M6	A32-67	B32-67

Tab. 31

Size					
Base module	D	Н	L	L1	Т
MC 80-105	14	7.8	20	40	30
MC 65	11	4.1	20	40	30

Tab. 32

Simple nut

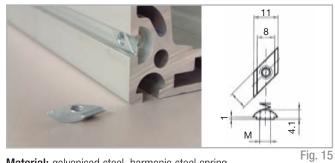


Thread	Code
M5	209.2431
M6	209.2432
M8	209.2433
	Tab. 33

Fig. 14

Material: galvanised steel. Insert through the end of the profile. Suitable for series: MC 80-105

Front insertable spring nut



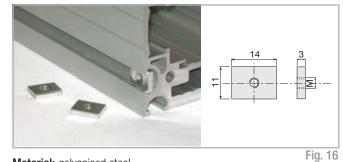
Material: galvanised steel, harmonic steel spring.

To be inserted through the slot.

Suitable for series: MC 65

Thread	Code
M3	BD31-30
M4	BD31-40
M5	BD31-50
M6	BD31-60

Simple nut



Material: galvanised steel.

To be inserted through the slot.

Suitable for series: MC 65

Thread	Code
M4	D32.40
M5	D32.50
M6	D32.60
	Tah 35

Sensor brackets

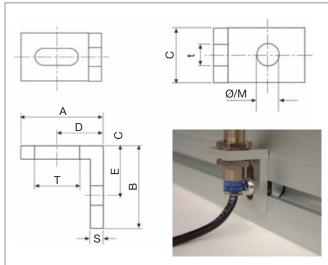


Fig. 17

Material: natural, anodized anticorodal alloy.

Thre	ad							Co	de
Α	В	С	D	Е	S	Txt	Ø/M	Ø	M
45	45	20	25	25	5	20X6.5	6	A30-76	A 30-86
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	4	A30-54	A30-64
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	5	A30-55	A30-65
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	6	A30-56	A30-66
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	3	B30-53	B30-63
25	25	14	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	4	B30-54	B30-64
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	5	B30-55	B30-65
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	6	B30-56	B30-66

Suitable for all the modules

Tab. 36

Steel strip protection for series MCR/MCH 80-105

Material: Stainless steel foil.

Optional: For additional protection from dust and debris, a magnetic seal strip can be added to the profile to cover the belt way.

Due to the magnetic strip, it is best to avoid use in the presence of ferrous debris.

 $\mathbf{M} = \text{Threaded version}$

 $\mathbf{0}$ = Passing through hole version

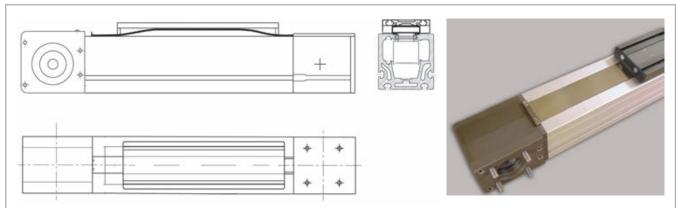
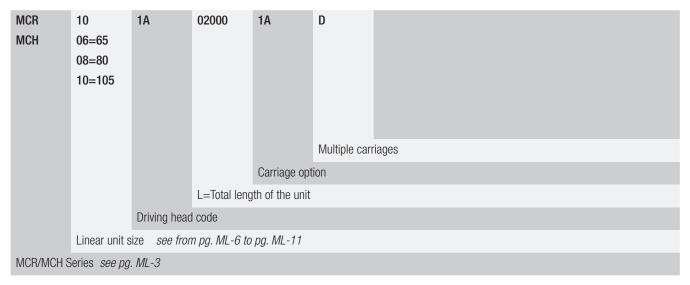


Fig. 18

Ordering key /

▶ Identification codes for the MCR/MCH series



In order to create identification codes for Actuator Line, you can visit: http://configureactuator.rollon.com



Left / right orientation

		∇	Right
			Left

TCR/TCS series V

TCR/TCS series description



Fig. 19

The TCR/TCS series linear units are particularly suitable for: heavy loads, pulling and pushing very heavy weights, demanding work cycles, possible cantilever or gantry mounting and operations in industrial automated lines.

The extruded and anodized aluminum self-supporting structure with a rectangular section is available in different sizes ranging from 140 to 360 mm. Transmission is achieved with a polyurethane steel reinforced driving belt. Multiple sliders are available to further improve load capacity.

These units are best used in applications requiring very heavy loads in extremely confined spaces, and where machines cannot be stopped to carry out ordinary maintenance.

TCR

Features a dual Prismatic Rail system.

TCS

Features a dual rail system with four recirculating ball bearing runner blocks.

The components

Extruded bodies

The anodized aluminum extrusions used for the bodies of the Rollon TCR/ TCS series linear units were designed and manufactured in cooperation with a leading company in this field, to obtain the right combination of high mechanical strength and reduced weight. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical chemical characteristics below) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complying with EN 755-9 standards.

with a backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved. Optimization of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

Driving belt

The Rollon TCR/TCS series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission characteristics, compact size, and low noise. Used in conjunction

Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon TCR/TCS series linear units is made entirely of machined anodized aluminum. The dimensions vary depending on the type. Rollon offers multiple carriages to accommodate a vast array of applications.

General data about aluminum used: AL 6060

Chemical composition [%]

Al	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Zn	Cu	Impurites
Remainder	0.35-0.60	0.30-0.60	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05-0.15

Tab. 37

Physical characteristics

Density	Coeff. of elasticity	Coeff. of thermal expansion (20°-100°C)	Thermal conductivity (20°C)	Specific heat (0°-100°C)	Resistivity	Melting point
kg	kN	10-6	W	J		
					Ω . m . 10 ⁻⁹	°C
dm ³	mm ²	K	m.K	kg . K		
2.7	70	23.8	200	880-900	33	600-655

Tab. 38

Mechanical characteristics

Rm	Rp (02)	А	НВ
N mm²	N —— mm²	%	_
250	200	10	75

The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications.

TCR with Prismatic Rail:

Prismatic Rails are made of specially treated high-carbon steel and provided with a permanent lubrication system. Thanks to this kind of solution TCR is specifically dedicated for dirty environments and high dynamics in automation.

- The Prismatic Rails with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled with preload, that enables to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- Hardened and ground steel guide rails.
- Sliders have felts for self-lubrication.

The linear motion system described above offers:

- Suitable for dirty environments
- High speed and acceleration
- Maintenance free
- High load capacity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

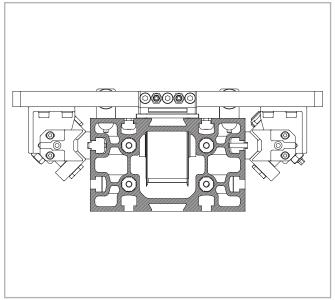
TCS with recirculating ball guides:

- The ball bearing guides with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled on preloaded ball bearing blocks that allow to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- The blocks have seals on both sides.

The linear motion system described above offers:

- High permissible bending moments
- High accuracy of the movement
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- High rigidity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

TCR section



TCS section

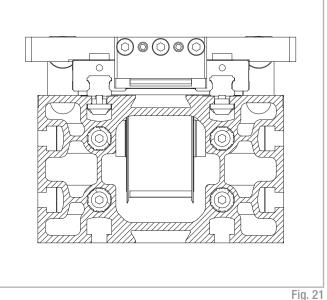
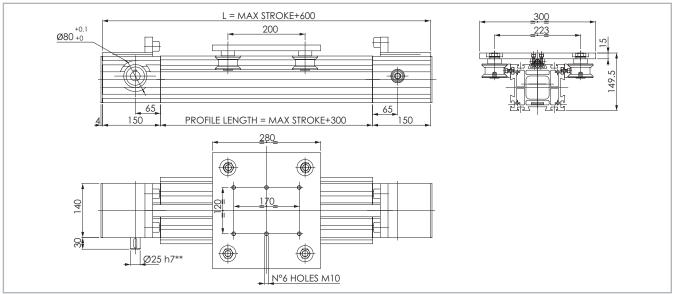


Fig. 20

TCR 140

TCR 140 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

** Output shaft is the only option available

Fig.22

Technical data

iediiiidai uata	
	Туре
	TCR 140
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	9700
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	101.86
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	320
Carriage weight [kg]	6.0
Zero travel weight [kg]	21.2
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.2
Starting torque [Nm]	3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	978467
Rail size [mm]	35x16
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 40

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCR 140	11,482,500	8,919,600	20,402,100
			T-1-44

Tab. 41

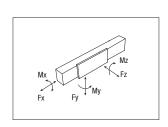
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 140	32 AT 10	32	0.185

Tab. 42

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L$ - 180



TCR 140 - Load capacity

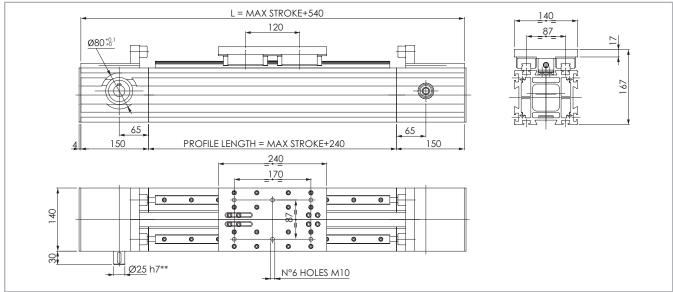
Туре	F [t	: X N]	F [t	: V N]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 140	3187	2170	6000	23405	4000	594	400	600

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

Tab. 43

TCS 140

TCS 140 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

** Output shaft is the only option available

Fig. 23

Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 140
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	9760
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	50
Type of belt	32 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 32
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	101.86
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	320
Carriage weight [kg]	4.2
Zero travel weight [kg]	18
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.9
Starting torque [Nm]	3.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	978467
Rail size [mm]	20
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 44

 $[\]mbox{^*1})$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

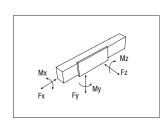
Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCS 140	11,482,500	8,919,600	20,402,100
			Tab. 45

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 140	32 AT 10	32	0.185
			Tab. 46

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 100$



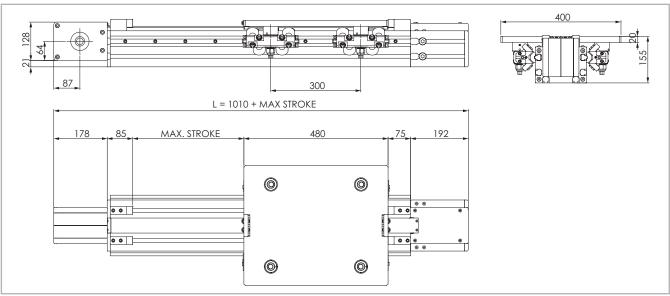
TCS 140 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X V]	F [N	: Ň]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 140	3187	2170	153600	70798	153600	6682	9216	9216

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCR 170

TCR 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 24

Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11360
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	17.2
Zero travel weight [kg]	51.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.4
Starting torque [Nm]	4.2
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	35x16
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 48

 $^{^{\!\}star}$ 1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	լ _ր
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCR 170	19,734,283	9,835,781	29,570,064

Tab. 49

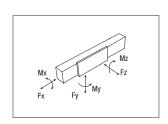
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 170	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290

Tab. 50

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 250$



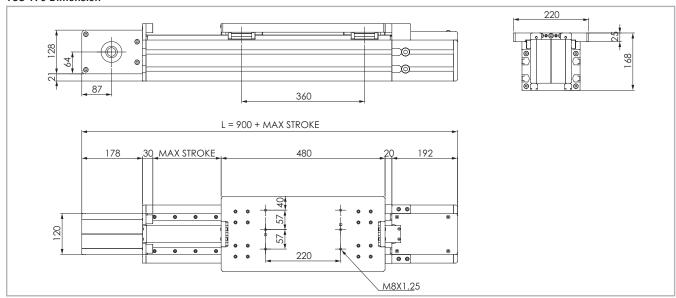
TCR 170 - Load capacity

Туре	pe F _x [N]		ļ	F F		M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 170	4980	3300	14142	65928	14142	1202	2121	2121

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCS 170

TCS 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 25

Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	50
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	8.6
Zero travel weight [kg]	34.2
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2,2
Starting torque [Nm]	4.8
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm ²]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	20
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 52

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	I _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]	
TCS 170	19,734,283	9,835,781	29,570,064	
			Tab. 53	

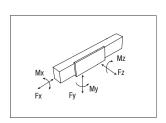
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 170	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290

Tab. 54

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 250$



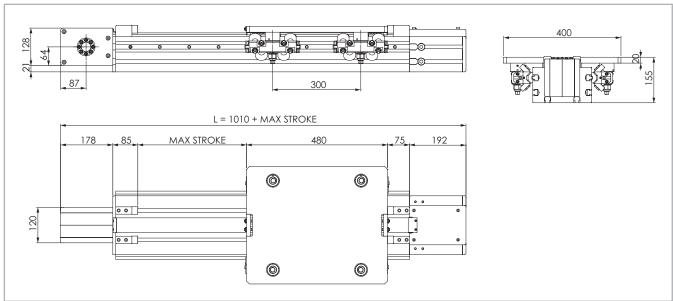
TCS 170 - Load capacity

Туре	F _x [N]		F _x F _y F _z [N] [N]		M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]	
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 170	4980	3300	153600	70798	153600	7680	27648	27648

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCR 200

TCR 200 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.26

Technical data

iconincai data	
	Туре
	TCR 200
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11360
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	17.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	54.5
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.7
Starting torque [Nm]	4.2
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	35x16
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 56

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCR 200	32,697,979	12,893,004	45,860,983

Tab. 57

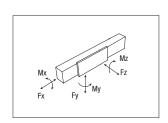
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 200	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290

Tab. 58

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 250$



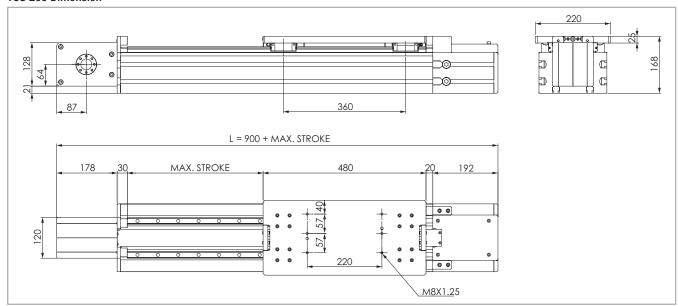
TCR 200 - Load capacity

Туре	F _x [N]		F [1	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 200	4980	3300	14142	65928	14142	1414	2121	2121

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCS 200

TCS 200 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 27

Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 200
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	50
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	8.6
Zero travel weight [kg]	39.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.6
Starting torque [Nm]	4.8
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	7574717
Rail size [mm]	20
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 60

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCS 200	32,697,979	12,893,004	45,860,983

Tab. 61

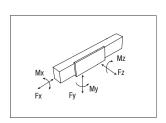
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 200	50 AT 10 HP	50	0.290

Tab. 62

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 250$



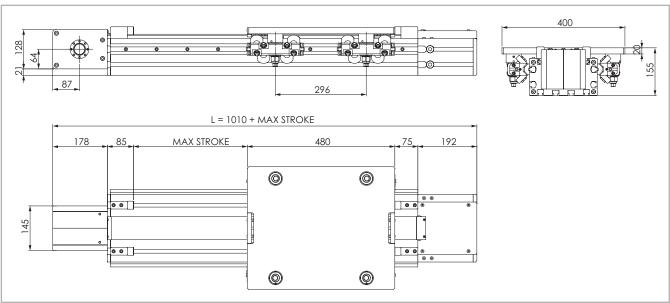
TCS 200 - Load capacity

Туре	F [I	: X V]	F [N	; ď]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 200	4980	3300	153600	70798	153600	7680	27648	27648

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCR 220

TCR 220 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 28

Technical data

Technical data	
	Туре
	TCR 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11360
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	17.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	60.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.7
Starting torque [Nm]	5.8
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	35x16
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 64

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

l _× [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	Ι _ρ [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
46,248,422	15,591,381	61,839,803
		l

Tab. 65

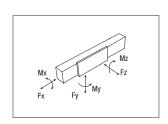
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 220	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435

Tab. 66

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 250$



TCR 220 - Load capacity

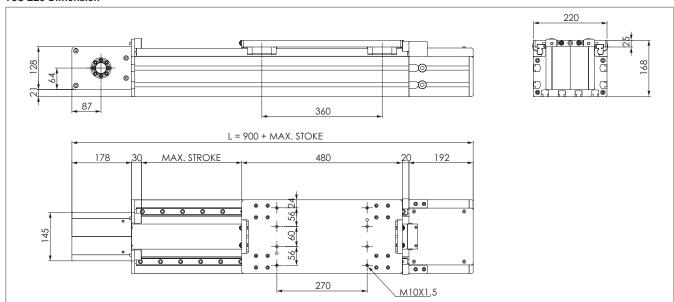
Туре	F [t	: X N]	F [N	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 220	7470	4950	14.142	65928	14142	1556	2093	2093

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

Tab. 67

TCS 220

TCS 220 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 29

Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	50
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	9.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	49.3
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.2
Starting torque [Nm]	6.9
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 68

Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	 [10 ⁷ mm⁴]	
TCS 220	46,248,422	15,591,381	61,839,803	
			Tab. 69	

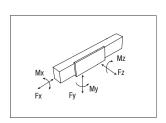
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 220	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435

Tab. 70

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 250$



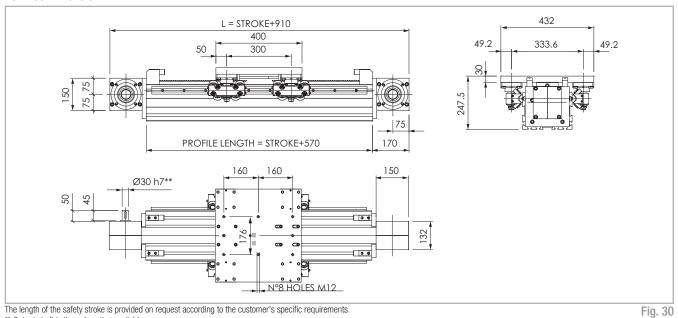
TCS 220 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X V]	F [t	: V V	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 220	7470	4950	258800	116833	258800	19410	46584	46584

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCR 230

TCR 230 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

** Output shaft is the only option available

Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 230
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11430
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	75 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 40
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	127.32
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	400
Carriage weight [kg]	23.0
Zero travel weight [kg]	60
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.3
Starting torque [Nm]	10.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	12020635
Rail size [mm]	35x16

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Tab. 72

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCR 230	65,009,000	37,783,000	102,792,000
			Tab. 73

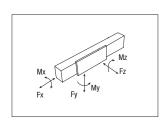
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]	
TCR 230	75 AT 10	75	0.435	

Tab. 74

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 100$



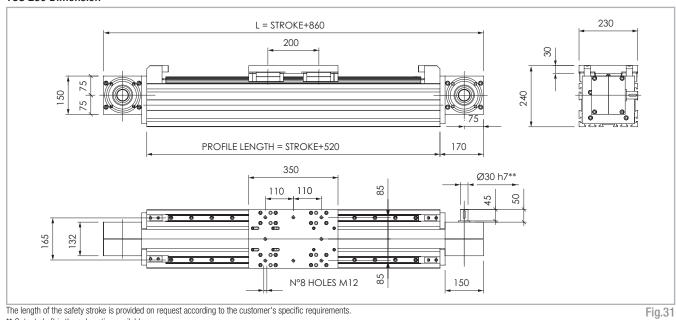
TCR 230 - Load capacity

Туре	F _x [N]		F [N	: V V	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 230	7470	5220	14142	65928	14142	1626	2121	2121

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCS 230

TCS 230 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Technical data

Iconincai uata	
	Туре
	TCS 230
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11480
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	50
Type of belt	75 AT 10
Type of pulley	Z 40
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	127.32
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	400
Carriage weight [kg]	10.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	43.5
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.7
Starting torque [Nm]	11.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	12020635
Rail size [mm]	30
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 76

 $^{^{\}star}$ 1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _× [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	lր [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCS 230	65,009,000	37,783,000	102,792,000
			Tab. 77

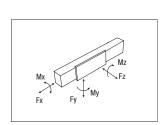
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 230	75 AT 10	75	0.435

Tab. 48

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 60$



TCS 230 - Load capacity

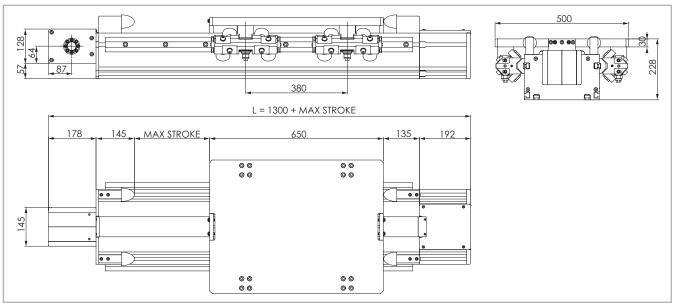
Туре	F _{.x} [N]		F [t	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 230	7470	5220	355200	172074	355200	29304	35520	35520

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

^{**} Output shaft is the only option available

TCR 280

TCR 280 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 32

Technical data

	Туре
	TCR 280
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11070
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	47.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	126.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	4.8
Starting torque [Nm]	8.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	55x25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 80

¹⁾ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCR 280	126,456,500	48,292,512	174,749,312
			T-I- 04

Tab. 81

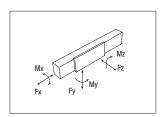
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]	
TCR 280	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435	

Tab. 82

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 230$



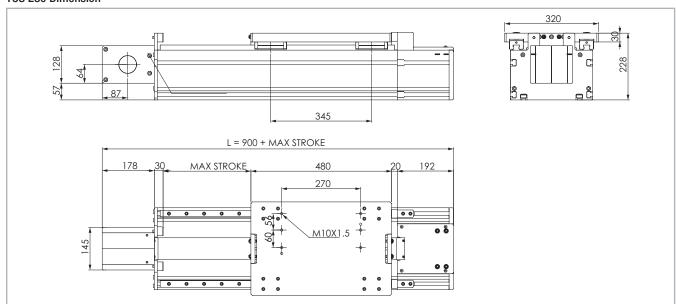
TCR 280 - Load capacity

Туре	F _x [N]		F [t	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 280	7470	4950	24042	112593	24042	3366	4568	4568

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCS 280

TCS 280 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 33

Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 280
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11470
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	50
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	18
Zero travel weight [kg]	65.1
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	4.6
Starting torque [Nm]	8.3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	9829829
Rail size [mm]	25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 84

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	լ _ր [10 ⁷ mm⁴]	
TCS 280	126,456,800	48,292,512	174,749,312	
			Tab. 85	

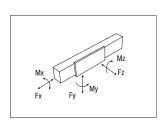
The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 280	75 AT 10 HP	75	0.435

Tab. 86

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 230$

Driving belt



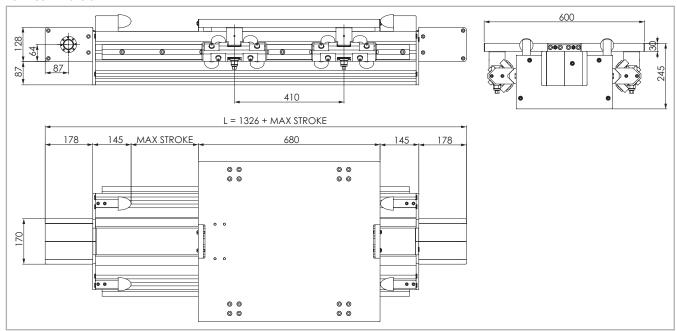
TCS 280 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X N]	F [t	: V V	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 280	7470	4950	258800	116833	258800	31056	46584	46584

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

TCR 360

TCR 230 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 34

Technical data

Technical data	
	Туре
	TCR 360
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11030
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	10
Type of belt	100 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	56.3
Zero travel weight [kg]	163
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	6.8
Starting torque [Nm]	8.5
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	14085272
Rail size [mm]	55x25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 88

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCR 360	317,212,806	103,285,258	420,498,064
			Tab. 89

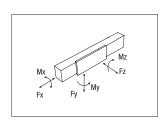
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCR 360	100 AT 10 HP	100	0.58

Tab. 90

Belt length (mm) =



TCR 360 - Load capacity

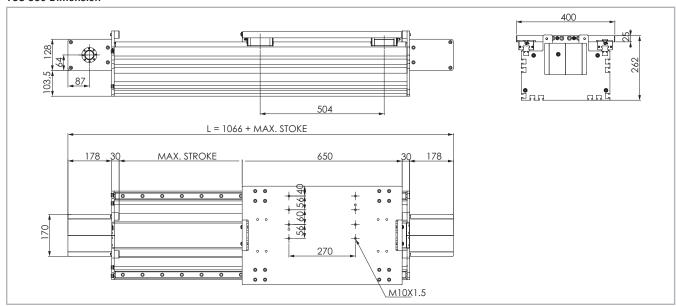
Туре	[[= N N	[= Nj	F _z [N]	M _× [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCR 360	9960	6600	24042	112593	24042	4327	4929	4929

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

Tab. 91

TCS 360

TCS 360 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 35

Technical data

	Туре
	TCS 360
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	11290
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	5
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	50
Type of belt	100 AT 10 HP
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	25.2
Zero travel weight [kg]	104.6
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	6.9
Starting torque [Nm]	8.3
Moment of inertia of pulleys [g mm²]	14085272
Rail size [mm]	30
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 92

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
TCS 360	317,212,806	103,285,258	420,498,064
			Tab. 93

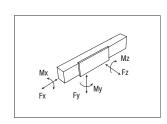
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
TCS 360	100 AT 10 HP	100	0.580

Tab. 94

Belt length (mm) = $2 \times L - 260$



TCS 360 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X N]	F [t	: V V	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
TCS 360	9960	6600	266400	142231	266400	42624	61272	61272

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

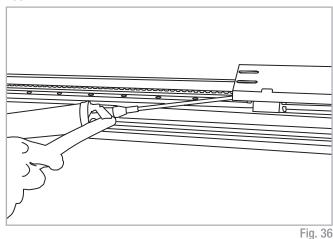
Lubrication

TCS linear units with ball bearing guides

TCS Linear units are equipped with ball bearing carriage fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment. Lubrication interval between maintenance every 2000 Km or 1 year of use, based on the value reached first.

If a long service life is required or in case of high dynamic or high loaded applications please contact our offices for further verification.

TCS



Quantity of lubricant necessary for re-lubrication for each block:

Туре	Quantity of Grease [cm³]
TCS 140	1.4
TCS 170	1.4
TCS 200	1.4
TCS 220	2.0
TCS 230	4.2
TCS 280	2.0
TCS 360	3.2

Tab. 96

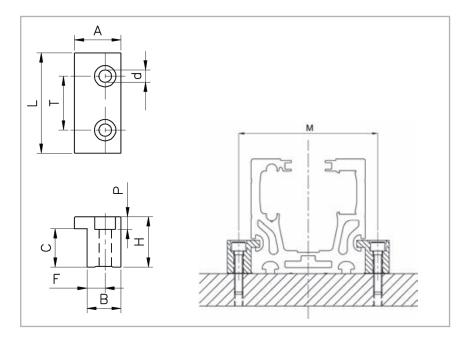
- Insert the tip of the grease gun into the specific grease blocks.
- Type of lubricant: Lithium soap grease of class NLGI 2.
- For specially stressed applications or hostile environmental conditions, lubrication should be applied out more frequently.
 Contact Rollon for further advice

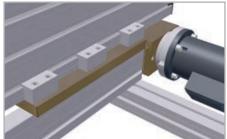
TCR linear units with roller guides

Roller slides are provided with a permanent lubrication system which, if properly used, eliminates the need for any further maintenance, also considering the average life of any handling device. For applications on plants with a high number of daily cycles, or with a significant build-up of impurities, please check the need for lubrication, seals and additional tanks with our technical dept. Do not use solvents to clean rollers or roller slides, as you could unintentionally remove the grease lubricating coat applied to the rolling elements during assembly. Use lithium soap based mineral grease according to DIN 51825 - K3N.

If properly assembled, guide rails do not require any lubrication, which would attract impurities and have negative consequences. Should there be any surface defects on the guide rails and/or on the rolling parts, such as pitting or erosion, this might be indicative of an excessive loading. In this case, all worn parts must be replaced and the load geometry and alignment checked.

Accessories





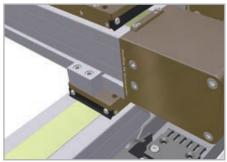


Fig.37

Material: aluminum alloy 6082

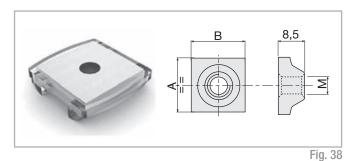
Unit	bxh	Α	L	Т	d	Н	Р	С	F	В	M	Code
TCR/TCS 170	120x170										198	
TCR/TCS 200	120x200	30	90	50	11	40	11	28.3	14	25	228	415.0762
TCR/TCS 220	120x220										248	
TCR/TCS 280	170x280	30	90	50	11	20	11	11.3	14	25	308	415.0763
TCR/TCS 280 Vert.	280x170	30	90	50	11	20	11	13.5	14	25	198	915.1174

Semi-rounded threaded inserts with spring

Threaded plate for base profile 45, 50 and 60. Material: galvanised steel. Important: to be inserted through the longitudinal slots before assembling.

Suitable for series:

TC 170-180-200-220-360



	AxB			
Thread	18x18	20x20		
M4	209.0031	209.0023		
M5	209.0032	209.0019		
M6	209.033	209.1202		
M8	209.0034	209.0467		
		Tob 00		

Tab. 98

Plastic compound spring for vertical positioning of insert.

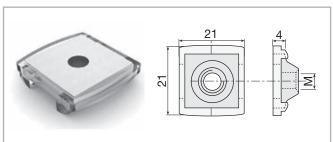


Fig. 39

Spring	Code
Suitable for all inserts 18x18	101.0732

Tab. 99

Assembly brackets

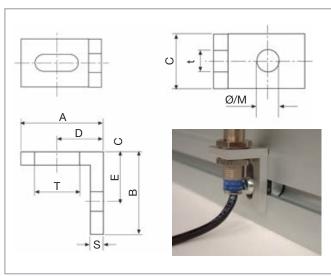


Fig. 40

Material: natural, anodized anticorodal alloy.

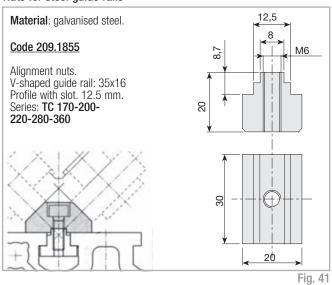
Thre	ad							Co	de
А	В	С	D	Е	S	Txt	Ø/M	Ø	M
45	45	20	25	25	5	20X6.5	6	A30-76	A 30-86
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	4	A30-54	A30-64
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	5	A30-55	A30-65
35	25	20	19	15	5	20X6.5	6	A30-56	A30-66
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	3	B30-53	B30-63
25	25	14	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	4	B30-54	B30-64
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	5	B30-55	B30-65
25	25	15	14	15	4	13.5X5.5	6	B30-56	B30-66
Suitab	le for a	all the	modu	les					Tab. 100

 $\boldsymbol{M} = \text{Threaded version}$

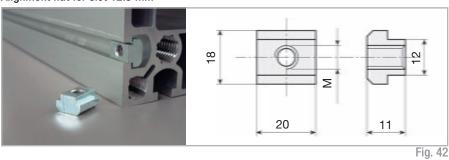
 $\mathbf{Ø} = \text{Passing trough hole version}$

Alignment nuts

Nuts for steel guide rails



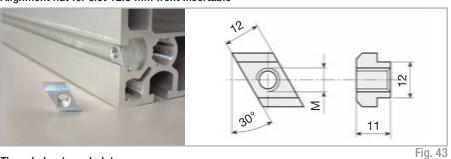
Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm



 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Material}: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: \\ \textbf{TC 170-200-280-360} \end{tabular}$

Thread	Code
M5	215.1768
M6	215.1769
M8	215.1770
M10	215.2124
	Tab. 101

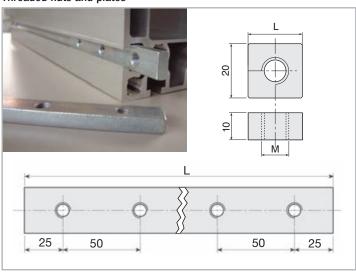
Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm front insertable



Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: **TC 170-200-280-360**

Thread	Code
M5	215.1771
M6	215.1772
M8	215.1773
M10	215.2125
	Tab. 102

Threaded nuts and plates



M12 (CH19) hexagonal-head screws can be used as stud bolts in profiles with 12.5 mm slots.

Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series:

TC 170-200-220-280-360

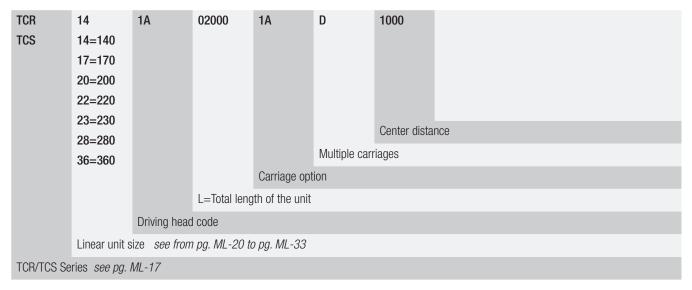
Thread	Threaded holes	L	Code
M10	1	40	215.0477
M12	1	40	209.1281
M10	1	20	209.1277
M10	2*	80	209.1776
M10	3*	150	209.1777
M10	4*	200	209.1778
M10	5*	250	209.1779
M10	6*	300	209.1780
M10	7*	350	209.1781

* Hole centre-distance: 50 mm.

Tab. 103 ML-37

Ordering key / ~

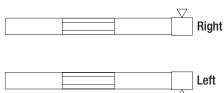
Identification codes for the TCR/TCS series



In order to create identification codes for Actuator Line, you can visit: http://configureactuator.rollon.com



Left / right orientation



ZCR/ZCH series /

ZCR/ZCH series description



Fig. 45

The ZCR/ZCH series linear units are designed to meet the vertical motion requirements in gantry applications or where the aluminum profile must be moving and the carriage must be fixed. The self-supporting extruded and anodized aluminum structure is available in different sizes from 60 to 220 mm. Being a rigid system, it is ideal for a "Z" axis in a 3-axis system. In addition, the ZCR/ZCH series has been specifically designed and configured to be easily assembled with the R-SMART, TCR/TCS series and ROBOT series.

ZCR

Features a dual Prismatic Rail system.

ZCH

Features a dual recirculating ball guide system.

The components

Extruded profile

The anodized aluminum extrusions used for the bodies of the Rollon ZCR/ZCH series linear units were designed and manufactured in cooperation with a leading company in this field, to obtain the right combination of high mechanical strength and reduced weight. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical chemical characteristics below) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complying with EN 755-9 standards.

backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved. Optimization of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

Driving belt

The Rollon ZCR/ZCH series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission characteristics, compact size and low noise. Used in conjunction with a

Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon ZCR/ZCH series linear units is made entirely of anodized aluminum. The dimensions vary depending on the type.

General data about aluminum used: AL 6060

Chemical composition [%]

Al	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Zn	Cu	Impurites
Remainder	0.35-0.60	0.30-0.60	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05-0.15

Tab. 104

Physical characteristics

Density	Coeff. of elasticity	Coeff. of thermal expansion (20°-100°C)	Thermal conductivity (20°C)	Specific heat (0°-100°C)	Resistivity	Melting point
kg	kN	10-6	W	J	Ω . m . 10^{-9}	°C
dm ³	mm ²	K	m . K	kg . K	22.111.10	U
2.7	70	23.8	200	880-900	33	600-655

Tab. 105

Mechanical characteristics

Rm	Rp (02)	А	НВ
N —— mm²	N —— mm²	%	_
250	200	10	75

The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications.

ZCR with Prismatic Rail:

Prismatic Rails are made of specially treated high-carbon steel and provided with a permanent lubrication system. Thanks to this kind of solution ZCR is specifically dedicated for dirty environments and high dynamics in automation.

- The Prismatic Rails with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled with preload, that enables to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- Hardened and ground steel guide rails.
- Sliders have felts for self-lubrication.

The linear motion system described above offers:

- Suitable for dirty environments
- High speed and acceleration
- Maintenance free
- High load capacity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

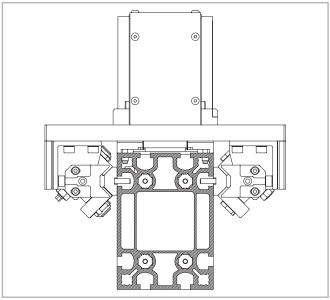
ZCH with recirculating ball guides:

- The ball bearing guides with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage is assembled on preloaded ball bearing blocks that allow to withstand loading in the four main directions.
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- The blocks have seals on both sides.

The linear motion system described above offers:

- High permissible bending moments
- High accuracy of the movement
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- High rigidity
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

ZCR section



ZCH section

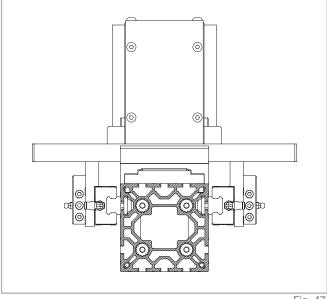
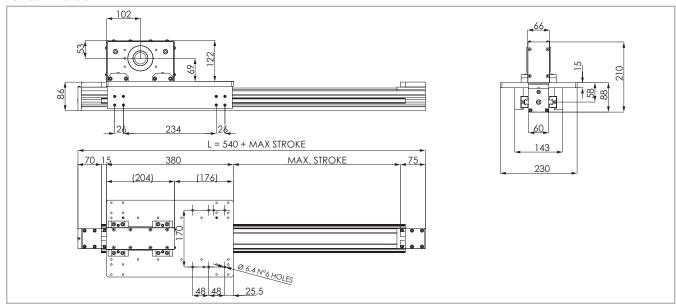


Fig. 46

Fig. 47

ZCH 60

ZCH 60 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.48

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 60
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	1500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	40
Type of belt	32 AT 10 HF
Type of pulley	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220
Carriage weight [kg]	11.1
Zero travel weight [kg]	15.8
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	0.8
Starting torque [Nm]	1.8
Rail size [mm]	15
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 107

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCH 60	433,914	426,003	859,918

Tab. 108

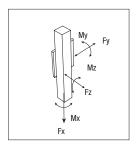
Tab. 109

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 60	32 AT 10 HF	32	0.185

Belt length (mm) = L + 190



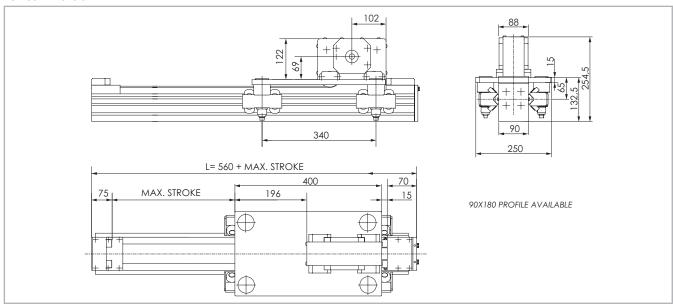
ZCH 60 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X V]	F [N	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 60	2656	1760	61120	39780	61120	2216	7946	7946

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

ZCR 90

ZCR 90 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 49

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCR 90
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2000
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	25
Type of belt	32 AT 10 HF
Type of pulley	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220
Carriage weight [kg]	11.6
Zero travel weight [kg]	19.4
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1
Starting torque [Nm]	1.8
Rail size [mm]	28.6x11

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Tab. 111

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCR 90	1,969,731	1,950,080	3,919,811

Tab. 112

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCR 90	32 AT 10 HF	32	0.185
			Tab. 113

Belt length (mm) = L + 190

My Fy

ZCR 90 - Load capacity

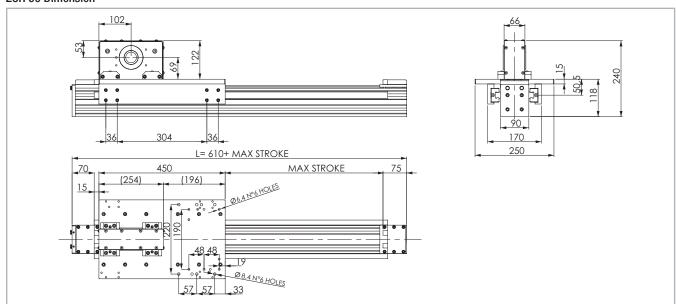
Туре	F [t	: X N]	F [I	= V N]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCR 90	2656	1760	7637	28286	7637	344	1298	1298

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

Tab. 114

ZCH 90

ZCH 90 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 50

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 90
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2000
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	20
Type of belt	32 AT 10 HF
Type of pulley	Z 22
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	70.03
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	220
Carriage weight [kg]	12.8
Zero travel weight [kg]	20.6
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.3
Starting torque [Nm]	1.8
Rail size [mm]	20

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCH 90	1,969,731	1,950,080	3,919,811

Tab. 116

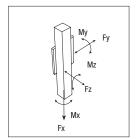
Tab. 117

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 90	32 AT 10 HF	32	0.185

Belt length (mm) = L + 190



ZCH 90 - Load capacity

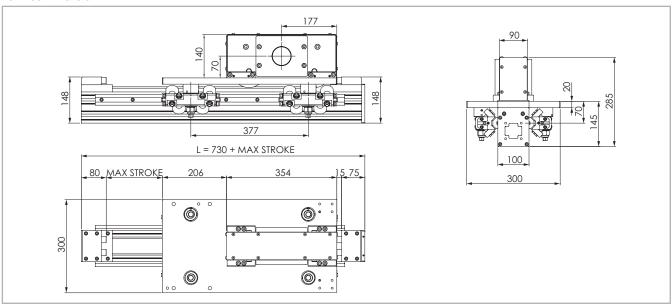
Туре	! [!	= N]	F _.	/ j	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 90	2656	1760	102520	73274	102520	5510	14865	14865

Tab. 115

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

ZCR 100

ZCR 100 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 51

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCR 100
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2100
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	25
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	27.6
Zero travel weight [kg]	41
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.3
Starting torque [Nm]	4.5
Rail size [mm]	35x16

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	Ι _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCR 100	3,637,190	3,457,193	7,094,383

Tab. 120

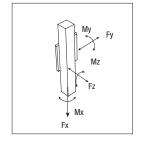
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCR 100	50 AT 10 HPF	50	0.290

Belt length (mm) = L + 250

Tab. 121



ZCR 100 - Load capacity

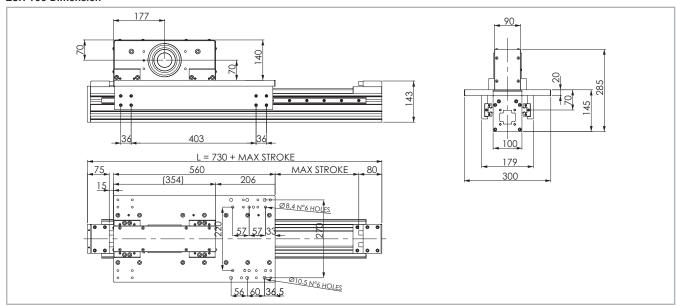
Туре	F [t	: X N]	F [1	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCR 100	4980	3480	14142	65298	14142	707	2666	2666

Tab. 119

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

ZCH 100

ZCH 100 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 52

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 100
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2100
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s ²]	25
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	25.1
Zero travel weight [kg]	37.4
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.5
Starting torque [Nm]	4.5
Rail size [mm]	20
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 123

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x	l _y	I _p
	[mm⁴]	[mm⁴]	[10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCH 100	3,637,190	3,457,193	7,094,383

Tab. 124

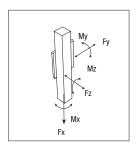
Tab. 125

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 100	50 AT 10 HPF	50	0.290

Belt length (mm) = L + 250



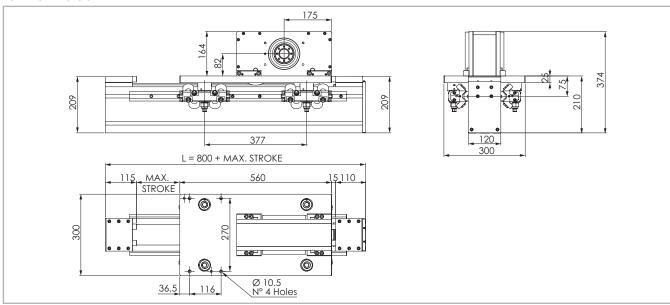
ZCH 100 - Load capacity

Туре	F [I	: X N]	F [N	: Ĭ]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 100	4980	3480	102520	73274	102520	6023	22503	22503

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

ZCR 170

ZCR 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 53

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCR 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	25
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	32.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	55.4
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.6
Starting torque [Nm]	7.8
Rail size [mm]	35x16

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Tab. 127

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

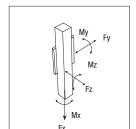
Туре	l mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	I _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCR 170	19,734,283	9,835,781	29,570,064
			Tab. 128

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCR 170	75 AT 10 HPF	75	0.435
			Tab. 129

Belt length (mm) = L + 280



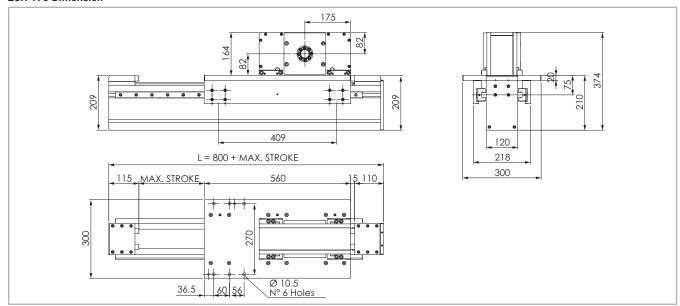
ZCR 170 - Load capacity

Туре	F [I	: ^X N j	F [!	: V N]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	М _у [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCR 170	7470	5220	14142	65298	14142	849	2666	2666

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

ZCH 170

ZCH 170 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.54

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 170
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	25
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	34.4
Zero travel weight [kg]	53.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	2.5
Starting torque [Nm]	7.8
Rail size [mm]	25

 $^{^{\}star}$ 1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	I [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCH 170	19,734,283	9,835,781	29,570,064

Tab. 131

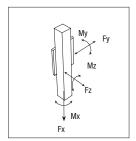
Tab. 132

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 170	75 AT 10 HPF	75	0.435

Belt length (mm) = L + 280



ZCH 170 - Load capacity

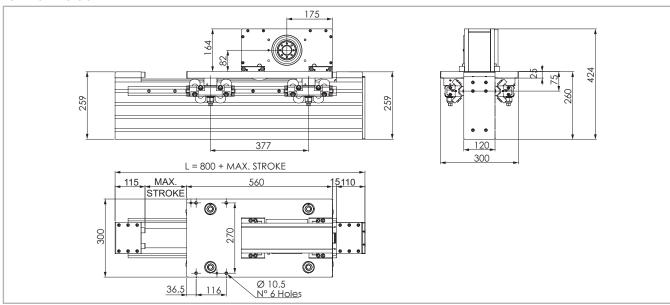
Туре	F [1	: X V]	F [t	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 170	7470	5220	174480	124770	174480	12388	35681	35681

Tab. 130

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

ZCR 220

ZCR 220 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 55

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCR 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	25
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	32.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	61
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.2
Starting torque [Nm]	7.8
Rail size [mm]	35x16

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Tab. 134

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

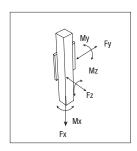
Туре	l [mm⁴]	l [mm⁴]	I _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCR 220	46,248,422	15,591,381	61,839,803
			Tab. 135

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCR 220	75 AT 10 HPF	75	0.435
			Tab. 136

Belt length (mm) = L + 280



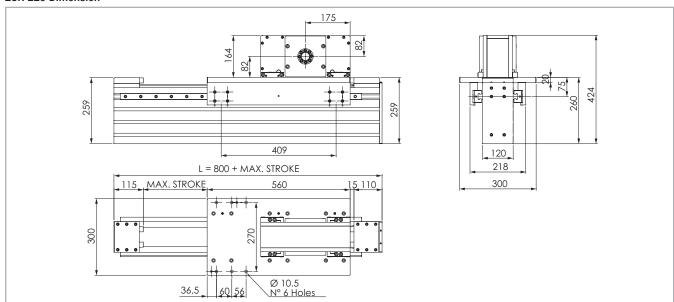
ZCR 220 - Load capacity

Туре	F [t	: X V]	F [1	: V V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCR 220	7470	5220	14142	65298	14142	849	2666	2666

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

ZCH 220

ZCH 220 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig.56

Technical data

	Туре
	ZCH 220
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2500
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	4
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	25
Type of belt	75 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 30
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	95.49
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	300
Carriage weight [kg]	34.4
Zero travel weight [kg]	60.7
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	3.5
Starting torque [Nm]	7.8
Rail size [mm]	25
*1) Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used	Tab. 138

^{*1)} Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

Туре	l x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	 [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZCH 220	46,248,422	15,591,381	61,839,803
			Tab. 139

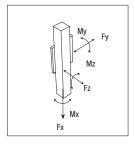
Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZCH 220	75 AT 10 HPF	75	0.435

Tab. 140

Belt length (mm) = L + 280



ZCH 220 - Load capacity

Туре	F [1	: X V]	F [t	: V]	F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZCH 220	7470	5220	174480	124770	174480	12388	35681	35681

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3

Lubrication

ZCH linear units with ball bearing guides

The ball bearing carriages of the ZCH versions are fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment of these in the circuits.

This system guarantees a long interval between maintenances: every

2000 Km or 1 year of use, based on the value reached first. If a longer service life is required or in case of high dynamic or high loaded applications please contact our offices for further verification.

ZCH

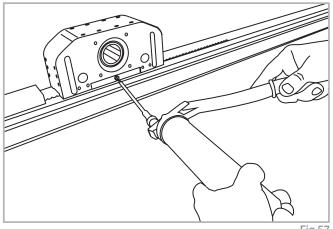


Fig.57

Quantity of lubricant necessary for re-lubrication for each block:

Туре	Quantity of Grease [cm³]
ZCH 60	0.2
ZCH 90	0.5
ZCH 100	0.5
ZCH 170	0.6
ZCH 220	0.6

Tab. 142

- Insert the tip of the grease gun into the specific grease blocks.
- Type of lubricant: Lithium soap grease of class NLGI 2.
- For specially stressed applications or hostile environmental conditions, lubrication should be applied out more frequently.

Contact Rollon for further advice

ZCR linear units with roller guides

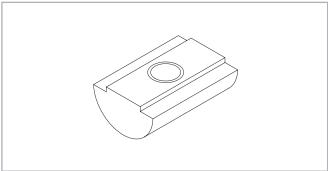
Roller slides are provided with a permanent lubrication system which, if properly used, eliminates the need for any further maintenance, also considering the average life of any handling device. For applications on plants with a high number of daily cycles, or with a significant build-up of impurities, please check the need for lubrication, seals and additional tanks with our technical dept. Do not use solvents to clean rollers or roller slides, as you could unintentionally remove the grease lubricating coat applied to the rolling elements during assembly. Use lithium soap based mineral grease according to DIN 51825 - K3N.

If properly assembled, guide rails do not require any lubrication, which would attract impurities and have negative consequences. Should there be any surface defects on the guide rails and/or on the rolling parts, such as pitting or erosion, this might indicative of an excessive loading. In this case, all worn parts must be replaced and the load geometry and alignment checked.

Accessories

To install accessories on ZCH series aluminum profile we recommend to use the T-nuts shown below

T-nuts



Steel nuts to be used in the slots of the body.

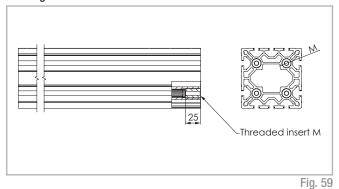
Fig.58

Units (mm)

	Hole	Length	Code Rollon
ZCH 60	M4	8	1001046
ZCH 90	M5	10	1000627
ZCH 100	M6	13	1000043
ZCR 90	M4	8	1000627
ZCR 100	M5	10	1000043

Tab. 143

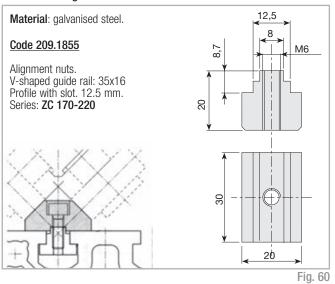
Bushings for ZCR/ZCH series

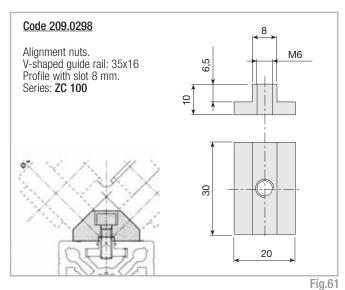


	Threaded insert Nb. x M				
ZCH 60	1 x M6	1 x M8	1 x M10		
ZCH 90	4 x M6	4 x M8	4 x M10		
ZCH 100	4 x M6	4 x M8	4 x M10		
ZCH 170		4 x M8	4 x M10	4 x M12	
ZCH 220		4 x M8	4 x M10	4 x M12	

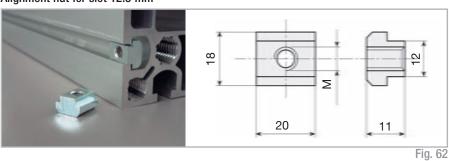
Alignment nuts

Nuts for steel guide rails





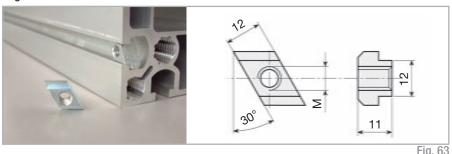
Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm



Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: **ZC 170-220**

Thread	Code
M5	215.1768
M6	215.1769
M8	215.1770
M10	215.2124
	Tab. 145

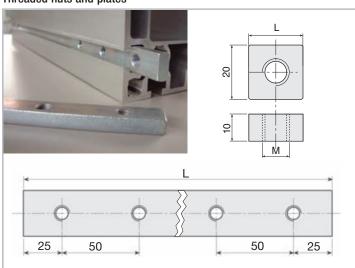
Alignment nut for slot 12.5 mm front insertable



 ${f Material}$: galvanised steel. Suitable for series: ${f ZC}$ 170-220

Thread	Code
M5	215.1771
M6	215.1772
M8	215.1773
M10	215.2125
	Tab. 146

Threaded nuts and plates



M12 (CH19) hexagonal-head screws can be used as stud bolts in profiles with 12.5 mm slots.

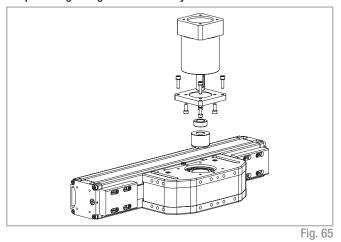
Material: galvanised steel. Suitable for series:

ZC 170-220

20 110 220			
Thread	Threaded holes	L	Code
M10	1	40	215.0477
M12	1	40	209.1281
M10	1	20	209.1277
M10	2*	80	209.1776
M10	3*	150	209.1777
M10	4*	200	209.1778
M10	5*	250	209.1779
M10	6*	300	209.1780
M10	7*	350	209.1781

Fig.64 * Hole centre-distance: 50 mm.

Adapter flange for gearbox assembly



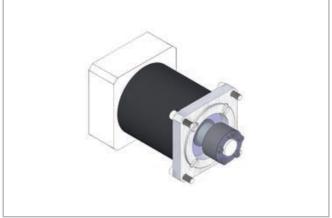


Fig. 66

Assembly kit includes: shrink disk; adapter plate; fixing hardware

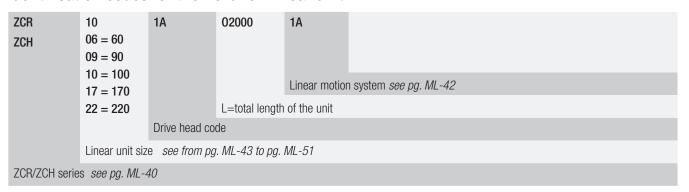
Unit	Gearbox type (not included)	Kit Code
	MP080	4001915
ZCH 60/90	CP080	4001970
	PSF221	4001917
	LP120; PE5; LC120	4001856
	SP100; P5	4001857
	PSF321	4001858
ZCH 100	PSF521	4001859
	EP120TT	4001860
	MP105	4001861
	MP080	4001951

Tab. 148

For other gearbox type ask Rollon

Ordering key / ~

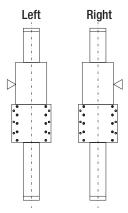
▶ Identification codes for the ZCR/ZCH linear unit



In order to create identification codes for Actuator Line, you can visit: http://configureactuator.rollon.com



Left / right orientation



ZMCH series / ~

ZMCH series description



Fig. 67

ZMCH

The ZMCH series linear units were designed to meet the vertical motion requirements in gantry applications or for applications where the aluminum profile must be moving and the carriage must be fixed.

The self-supporting extruded and anodized aluminum structure is available in three sizes. Since it is a rigid system, it is ideal for a "Z" axis in a 3-axis system by using a linear guide rail.

In addition, the ZMCH series has been specifically designed and configured to be easily assembled with the R-SMART, TCS/TCR series and ROBOT series.

The components

Extruded profile

The anodized aluminum extrusions used for the bodies of the Rollon ZMCH series linear units were designed and manufactured in cooperation with a leading company in this field to obtain the right combination of high mechanical strength and reduced weight. The anodized aluminum alloy 6060 used (see physical chemical characteristics below for further information) was extruded with dimensional tolerances complying with EN 755-9 standards.

characteristics, compact size and low noise. Used in conjunction with a backlash-free pulley, smooth alternating motion can be achieved. Optimization of the maximum belt width/body dimension ratio enables the following performance characteristics to be achieved:

- High speed
- Low noise
- Low wear

Driving belt

The Rollon ZMCH series linear units use steel reinforced polyurethane drive belts with AT pitch. This belt is ideal due to its high load transmission

Carriage

The carriage of the Rollon ZMCH series linear units is made entirely of anodized aluminum. The dimensions vary depending on the type.

General data about aluminum used: AL 6060

Chemical composition [%]

Al	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Zn	Cu	Impurites
Remainder	0.35-0.60	0.30-0.60	0.30	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05-0.15

Tab. 149

Physical characteristics

Density	Coeff. of elasticity	Coeff. of thermal expansion (20°-100°C)	Thermal conductivity (20°C)	Specific heat (0°-100°C)	Resistivity	Melting point
kg	kN	10-6	W	J 	Ω . m . 10^{-9}	°C
dm ³	mm ²	K	m . K	kg . K	22 . 111 . 10	Ü
2.7	70	23.8	200	880-900	33	600-655

Tab. 150

Mechanical characteristics

Rm	Rp (02)	А	НВ
N — mm²	N —— mm²	%	_
250	200	10	75

Tab. 151

The linear motion system

The linear motion system has been designed to meet the load capacity, speed, and maximum acceleration conditions of a wide variety of applications. Rollon ZMCH System series systems feature a linear motion system with ball bearing guides:

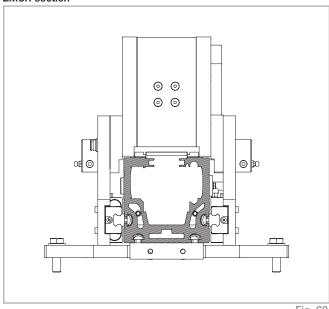
ZMCH with recirculating ball guides:

- The ball bearing guides with high load capacity are mounted in a dedicated seat on the aluminum body.
- The carriage of the linear unit is assembled on pre-loaded ball bearing blocks that enables the carriage to withstand loading in the four main directions
- The ball bearing carriages are also fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment.
- The blocks have seals on both sides and, when necessary, an additional scraper can be fitted for very dusty conditions.

The linear motion system described above offers:

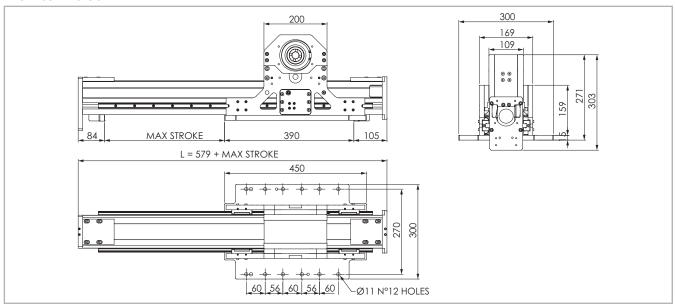
- High speed and acceleration
- High load capacity
- High permissible bending moments
- Low friction
- Long life
- Low noise

ZMCH section



ZMCH 105

ZMCH 105 Dimension



The length of the safety stroke is provided on request according to the customer's specific requirements.

Fig. 69

Technical data

	Туре
	ZMCH 105
Max. useful stroke length [mm]	2100
Max. positioning repeatability [mm]*1	± 0.1
Max. speed [m/s]	3
Max. acceleration [m/s²]	25
Type of belt	50 AT 10 HPF
Type of pulley	Z 29
Pulley pitch diameter [mm]	92.31
Carriage displacement per pulley turn [mm]	290
Carriage weight [kg]	16.5
Zero travel weight [kg]	28
Weight for 100 mm useful stroke [kg]	1.5
Starting torque [Nm]	4.4
Rail size [mm]	15

 $^{^{\}star} 1)$ Positioning repeatability is dependent on the type of transmission used

Tab. 152

Moments of inertia of the aluminum body

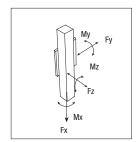
Туре	l _x [mm⁴]	l _y [mm⁴]	l _p [10 ⁷ mm⁴]
ZMCH 105	5,675,808	4,476,959	10,152,767
			Tab. 153

Driving belt

The driving belt is manufactured from a friction resistant polyurethane and with steel cords for high tensile stress resistance.

Туре	Type of belt	Belt width [mm]	Weight per meter [kg/m]
ZMCH 105	50 AT 10 HPF	50	0.290
			Tab. 154

Belt length (mm) = L + 260



ZMCH 105 - Load capacity

Туре	F [N]		F [N]		F _z [N]	M _x [Nm]	M _y [Nm]	M _z [Nm]
	Stat.	Dyn.	Stat.	Dyn	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.	Stat.
ZMCH 105	4980	5850	61120	39780	61120	3591	10390	10390

See verification under static load and lifetime on page SL-2 and SL-3 $\,$

Lubrication

ZMCH linear units with ball bearing guides

The ball bearing carriages are fitted with a retention cage that eliminates "steel-steel" contact between adjacent revolving parts and prevents misalignment of these in the circuits.

This system guarantees a long interval between maintenances: every 2000 km or 1 year of use, based on the value reached first. If a longer

service life is required or in case of high dynamic or high loaded applications please contact our offices for further verification.

ZMCH

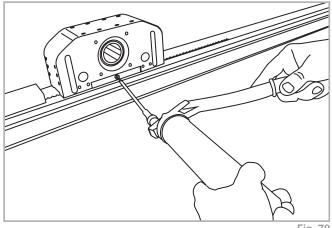


Fig. 70

Quantity of lubricant necessary for re-lubrication for each block:

Туре	Quantity of Grease [cm³]
ZMCH 105	0.2

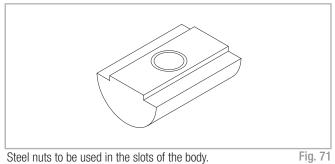
Tab. 156

- Insert the tip of the grease gun into the specific grease blocks.
- Type of lubricant: Lithium soap grease of class NLGI 2.
- For specially stressed applications or hostile environmental conditions, lubrication should be applied out more frequently.
 Contact Rollon for further advice

Accessories

To install accessories on ZMCH series aluminum profile we recommend to use the T-nuts shown below

T-nuts



Steel nuts to be used in the slots of the body.

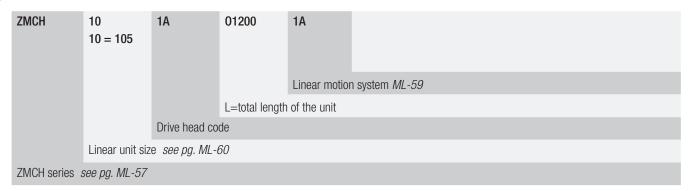
Units (mm)

	Hole	Length	Code Rollon
ZMCH 105	M4	8	1001046

Tab. 157

Ordering key / ~

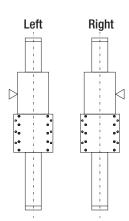
Identification codes for the ZMCH series



In order to create identification codes for Actuator Line, you can visit: http://configureactuator.rollon.com



Left / right orientation



Multiaxis systems



1 - Two axis Y-Z system



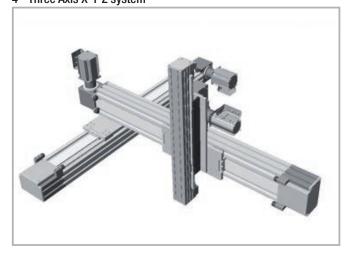
2 - Two axis X-Y system



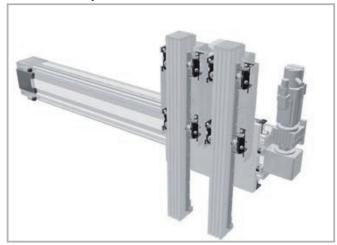
3 - Three axis X-Y-Z system



4 - Three Axis X-Y-Z system



5 - Two axis Y-Z system



6 - Two axis Y-Z system



Static load and service life



Static load

In the static load test, the radial load rating F_{v} , the axial load rating F_{z} , and the moments M_v , M_v und M_z indicate the maximum allowed load values. Higher loads will impair the running characteristics. To check the static load, a safety factor $S_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ is used, which accounts for the special conditions of the application defined in more detail in the table below:

All load capacity values refer to the actuator well fixed to a rigid structure. For cantilever applications the deflection of the actuator profile must be taken in account.

Safety factor S_o

No shocks or vibrations, smooth and low-frequency change in direction High mounting accuracy, no elastic deformations, clean environment	2 - 3
Normal assembly conditions	3 - 5
Shocks and vibrations, high-frequency changes in direction, substantial elastic deformations	5 - 7

Fig. 1

The ratio of the actual to the maximum allowed load must not be higher than the reciprocal value of the assumed safety factor S_0 .

$$\frac{P_{fy}}{F_v} \leq \frac{1}{S_0} \qquad \frac{P_{fz}}{F_z} \leq \frac{1}{S_0}$$

$$\frac{P_{fz}}{F_z} \le \frac{1}{S_0}$$

$$\frac{M_1}{M_x} \le \frac{1}{S_0}$$

$$\frac{M_2}{M_y} \le \frac{1}{S_0}$$

$$\frac{M_3}{M_z} \le \frac{1}{S_0}$$

Fig. 2

The above formulae only apply to a one load case. If one or more of the forces described are acting simultaneously, the following calculation must be carried out:

$$\frac{P_{fy}}{F_{y}} + \frac{P_{fz}}{F_{z}} + \frac{M_{1}}{M_{x}} + \frac{M_{2}}{M_{y}} + \frac{M_{3}}{M_{z}} \le \frac{1}{S_{0}}$$

= acting load (y direction) (N)

= static load rating (y direction) (N)

= acting load (z direction) (N)

= static load rating (z direction) (N)

 M_1 , M_2 , M_3 = external moments (Nm)

 M_{v} , M_{v} , M_{v} = maximum allowed moments in the different load directions (Nm)

The safety factor S_o can be at the lower limit given if the acting forces can be determined with sufficient accuracy. If shocks and vibrations act on the system, the higher value should be selected. In dynamic applications, higher safeties are required. For further information, please contact our Application Engineering Department.

Belt safety factor referred to the dynamic F_x

Impact and Speed / Orietation Safety vibrations acceleration **Factor** horizontal 1.4 No impacts Low and/or vibrations 1.8 vertical 1.7 Light impacts horizontal Medium and/or vibrations 2.2 vertical 2.2 Strong impacts horizontal High and/or vibrations vertical

Tab. 1

Fig. 3

Service life

Calculation of the service life

The dynamic load rating C is a conventional quantity used for calculating the service life. This load corresponds to a nominal service life of 100 km.

The calculated service life, dynamic load rating and equivalent load are linked by the following formula:

$$L_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

$$E_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{\text{Fz-dyn}}{P_{eq}} \cdot \frac{1}{f_i})^3$$

The effective equivalent load $P_{\rm eq}$ is the sum of the forces and moments acting simultaneously on a slider. If these different load components are known, P is obtained from the following equation:

For SP types

$$P_{eq} = P_{fy} + P_{fz} + (\frac{M_1}{M_x} + \frac{M_2}{M_y} + \frac{M_3}{M_z}) \cdot F_y$$

Fig. 5

For CI and CE types

$$P_{eq} = P_{fy} + (\frac{P_{fz}}{F_z} + \frac{M_1}{M_x} + \frac{M_2}{M_y} + \frac{M_3}{M_z}) \cdot F_y$$

Fig. 6

The external constants are assumed to be constant over time. Short-term loads that do not exceed the maximum load ratings have no relevant effect on the service life and can therefore be neglected in the calculation.

Service factor f

f_i	
no shocks or vibrations, smooth and low-frequency changes in direction; ($\alpha < 5 \text{m/s}^2$) clean operating conditions; low speeds (<1 m/s)	1.5 - 2
Slight vibrations; medium speeds; (1-2 m/s) and medium-high frequency of the changes in direction (5m/s² < α < 10 m/s²)	2 - 3
Shocks and vibrations; high speeds (>2 m/s) and high-frequency changes in direction; (α > 10m/s²) high contamination, very short stroke	> 3

Tab. 2

Fig. 4

Speedy Rail A Lifetime

The rated lifetime for SRA actuators is 80,000 Km.

Static load and service life Uniline



Static load

In the static load test, the radial load rating F_y , the axial load rating F_z , and the moments M_x , M_y und M_z indicate the maximum allowed load values. Higher loads will impair the running characteristics. To check the static load, a safety factor S_0 is used, which accounts for the special conditions of the application defined in more detail in the table below:

Safety factor S_o

No shocks or vibrations, smooth and low-frequency change in direction High mounting accuracy, no elastic deformations, clean environment	1 - 1.5
Normal assembly conditions	1.5 - 2
Shocks and vibrations, high-frequency changes in direction, substantial elastic deformations	2 - 3.5

Fig. 7

The ratio of the actual to the maximum allowed load must not be higher than the reciprocal value of the assumed safety factor S_n .

$$\frac{P_{fy}}{F_{y}} \leq \frac{1}{S_{0}}$$

$$\frac{P_{fz}}{F_{z}} \leq \frac{1}{S_{0}}$$

$$\frac{M_1}{M_x} \le \frac{1}{S_0}$$

$$\frac{M_2}{M_y} \ \le \ \frac{1}{S_0}$$

$$\frac{M_3}{M_z} \le \frac{1}{S_0}$$

Fig. 8

The above formulae apply to a one load case. If one or more of the forces described are acting simultaneously, the following test must be carried out:

$$\frac{P_{fy}}{F_{y}} + \frac{P_{fz}}{F_{z}} + \frac{M_{1}}{M_{x}} + \frac{M_{2}}{M_{y}} + \frac{M_{3}}{M_{z}} \leq \frac{1}{S_{0}}$$

 P_{fy} = acting load (y direction) (N)

= static load rating (y direction) (N)

 P_{fz} = acting load (z direction) (N)

 F_z = static load rating (z direction) (N)

 M_1 , M_2 , M_3 = external moments (Nm)

 M_x , M_y , M_z = maximum allowed moments

in the different load directions (Nm)

The safety factor $\mathbf{S}_{_{0}}$ can be at the lower limit given if the acting forces can be determined with sufficient accuracy. If shocks and vibrations act on the system, the higher value should be selected. In dynamic applications,

higher safeties are required. For further information, please contact our Application Engineering Department.

Fig. 9

Calculation formulae

Moments $\mathbf{M}_{_{\mathbf{V}}}$ and $\mathbf{M}_{_{\mathbf{Z}}}$ for linear units with long slider plate

The allowed loads for the moments M_y and M_z depend on the length of the slider plate. The allowed moments M_{zn} and M_{yn} for each slider plate length are calculated by the following formulae:

$$S_n = S_{min} + n \cdot \Delta S$$

$$\mathrm{M_{zn}} = (\ 1 + \frac{\mathrm{S_n} - \mathrm{S_{min}}}{\mathrm{K}} \,) \cdot \mathrm{M_{z\,min}}$$

$$M_{yn} = (1 + \frac{S_n - S_{min}}{K}) \cdot M_{y min}$$

 M_{zn} = allowed moment (Nm)

 $M_{z min} = minimum values (Nm)$

 M_{vn} = allowed moment (Nm)

 $M_{y min} = minimum values (Nm)$

 S_n = length of the slider plate (mm)

 S_{min} = minimum length of the slider plate (mm)

 ΔS = factor of the change in slider length

K = constant

Fig. 10

Туре	M _{y min}	M _{z min}	S _{min}	ΔS	К
	[Nm]	[Nm]	[mm]		
A40L	22	61	240		74
A55L	82	239	310		110
A75L	287	852	440		155
C55L	213	39	310		130
C75L	674	116	440	10	155
E55L	165	239	310		110
E75L	575	852	440		155
ED75L (M _z)	1174	852	440		155
ED75L (M _y)	1174	852	440		270

Tab. 3

Moments $M_{_{\rm V}}$ and $M_{_{\rm Z}}$ for linear units with two slider plates

The allowed loads for the moments M_y and M_z are related to the value of the distance between the centers of the sliders. The allowed moments M_{yn} and M_{zn} for each distance between the centers of the sliders are calculated by the following formulae:

$$L_n = L_{min} + n \cdot \Delta L$$

$$M_{_{\boldsymbol{y}}}=(\frac{L_{_{\boldsymbol{n}}}}{L_{_{\boldsymbol{min}}}})\cdot M_{_{\boldsymbol{y}\,\boldsymbol{min}}}$$

$$M_z = (\frac{L_n}{L_{min}}) \cdot M_{z \, min}$$

 $M_v = allowed moment (Nm)$

 $M_z = allowed moment (Nm)$

 $M_{v min} = minimum values (Nm)$

 $M_{z min} = minimum values (Nm)$

 L_n = distance between the centers of the sliders (mm)

 L_{min} = minimum value for the distance between the centers of the sliders (mm)

 ΔL = factor of the change in slider length

Fig. 11

Туре	M _{y min}	M _{z min}	L _{min}	ΔL
	[Nm]	[Nm]	[mm]	
A40D	70	193	235	5
A55D	225	652	300	5
A75D	771	2288	416	8
C55D	492	90	300	5
C75D	1809	312	416	8
E55D	450	652	300	5
E75D	1543	2288	416	8
ED75D	3619	2288	416	8

Tab. 4

Service life

Calculation of the service life

The dynamic load rating C is a conventional quantity used for calculating the service life. This load corresponds to a nominal service life of 100 km. The corresponding values for each liner unit are listed in Table 45 shown

below. The calculated service life, dynamic load rating and equivalent load are linked by the following formula:

$$L_{km} = 100 \text{ km} \cdot (\frac{C}{P} \cdot \frac{f_c}{f_i} \cdot f_h)^3$$

C = dynamic load rating (N) P = acting equivalent load (N) f_i = service factor (see tab. 5) f_c = contact factor (see tab. 6)

L_{km} = theoretical service life (km)

 f_b = stroke factor (see fig. 13)

Fig. 12

The effective equivalent load P is the sum of the forces and moments acting simultaneously on a slider. If these different load components are known, P is obtained from the following equation:

$$P = P_{fy} + (\frac{P_{fz}}{F_Z} + \frac{M_1}{M_x} + \frac{M_2}{M_y} + \frac{M_3}{M_z}) \cdot F_y$$

Fig. 13

The external constants are assumed to be constant over time. Short-term loads that do not exceed the maximum load ratings have no relevant effect on the service life and can therefore be neglected in the calculation.

Service factor f_i

f_{i}	
No shocks or vibrations, smooth and low-frequency changes in direction; clean operating conditions; low speeds (<1 m/s)	1 - 1.5
Slight vibrations; medium speeds; (1-2,5 m/s) and medium-high frequency of the changes in direction	1.5 - 2
Shocks and vibrations; high speeds (>2.5 m/s) and high-frequency changes in direction; high contamination	2 - 3.5

Tab. 5

Contact factor f

f _c	
Standard slider	1
Long slider	0.8
Double slider	0.8

Tab. 6

Stroke factor f,

The stroke factor f_h accounts for the higher stress on the raceways and rollers when short strokes are carried out at the same total run distance. The following diagram shows the corresponding values (for strokes above 1 m, f_h remains 1):

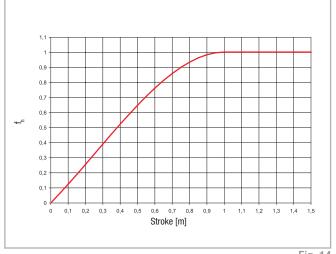


Fig. 14

Determination of the motor torque

The torque \mathbf{C}_{m} required at the drive head of the linear axis is calculated by the following formula:

$$C_m = C_v + (F \cdot \frac{D_p}{2})$$

 C_m = torque of the motor (Nm)

C_v = starting torque (Nm)

F = force acting on the toothed belt (N)

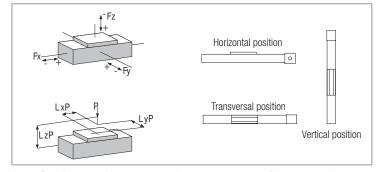
D_n = pitch diameter of pulley (m)

Data sheet / v

General data:	Date: Inquiry N°:
Address:	Contact:
Company:	Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:
F-Mail·	

Technical data:

				X axis	Y axis	Z axis
Useful stroke (Including safety overtravel)		S	[mm]			
Load to be translated	,	Р	[kg]			
Location of Load in the	X-Direction	LxP	[mm]			
	Y-Direction	LyP	[mm]			
	Z-Direction	LzP	[mm]			
Additional force	Direction (+/-)	Fx (Fy, Fz)	[N]			
Position of force	X-Direction	Lx Fx (Fy, Fz)	[mm]			
	Y-Direction	Ly Fx (Fy, Fz)	[mm]			
	Z-Direction	Lz Fx (Fy, Fz)	[mm]			
Assembly position (Horizontal/	/ertical/Transversal					
Max. speed		V	[m/s]			
Max. acceleration		a	[m/s ²]			
Positioning repeatability		Δs	[mm]			
Required life		L	yrs			



Attention: Please enclose drawing, sketches and sheet of the duty cycle



EUROPE

ROLLON S.p.A. - ITALY (Headquarters)



Via Trieste 26 I-20871 Vimercate (MB) Phone: (+39) 039 62 59 1 www.rollon.it - infocom@rollon.it

ROLLON B.V. - NETHERLANDS



Ringbaan Zuid 8 6905 DB Zevenaar Phone: (+31) 316 581 999 www.rollon.nl - info@rollon.nl

AMERICA

ROLLON Corporation - USA



101 Bilby Road. Suite B Hackettstown, NJ 07840 Phone: (+1) 973 300 5492

www.rolloncorp.com - info@rolloncorp.com

ASIA

ROLLON Ltd - CHINA



No. 1155 Pang Jin Road, China, Suzhou, 215200 Phone: +86 0512 6392 1625 www.rollon.cn.com - info@rollon.cn.com

Consult the other ranges of products









ROLLON GmbH - GERMANY



Bonner Strasse 317-319 D-40589 Düsseldorf Phone: (+49) 211 95 747 0 www.rollon.de - info@rollon.de

ROLLON S.p.A. - RUSSIA (Rep. Office)



117105, Moscow, Varshavskoye shosse 17, building 1 Phone: +7 (495) 508-10-70 www.rollon.ru - info@rollon.ru

ROLLON - SOUTH AMERICA (Rep. Office)



R. Joaquim Floriano, 397, 2o. andar Itaim Bibi - 04534-011, São Paulo, BRASIL Phone: +55 (11) 3198 3645

www.rollonbrasil.com.br - info@rollonbrasil.com

ROLLON India Pvt. Ltd. - INDIA



1st floor, Regus Gem Business Centre, 26/1 Hosur Road, Bommanahalli, Bangalore 560068 Phone: (+91) 80 67027066 www.rollonindia.in - info@rollonindia.in

Distributor





Les Jardins d'Eole, 2 allée des Séquoias F-69760 Limonest

Phone: (+33) (0) 4 74 71 93 30 www.rollon.fr - infocom@rollon.fr

ROLLON Ltd - UK (Rep. Office)



The Works 6 West Street Olney Buckinghamshire, United Kingdom, MK46 5 HR

3F Shiodome Building, 1-2-20 Kaigan, Minato-ku,

Phone: +44 (0) 1234964024

www.rollon.uk.com - info@rollon.uk.com

ROLLON - JAPAN

Tokyo 105-0022 Japan

Phone +81 3 6721 8487

www.rollon.jp - info@rollon.jp

All addresses of our global sales partners can also be found at www.rollon.com